

STIC Search Report

STIO Database trade

TO: Scott Beliveau Location: KNX 06 A01

Art Unit: 2614

Wednesday, November 02, 2005

Case Serial Number: 10/814029

From: Paul Obiniyi Location: EIC 2600

KNX 08 B55 Phone: 305-1836

paul.obiniyi@uspto.gov

Searcia Notes

Dear Examiner Beliveau,

Attached please find the results of your search. Please feel free to contact me if you have additional questions or would like a re-focus search. Thank you and have a great day.

Paul





RUSH SPE SIGNATURE		Access DB# $\frac{169939}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$
CEADCH I	REQUEST FORM	
Scientific and To	echnical Information Cente	r
Scientific and 1	ETC 2600	
	EIC 2600	miner # 79346 Date 16/27/05
Requester's Full Name _ 5. 4 13 live	Exar	miner# //378 Dato days
Art Unit 26rd Phone Number 2		DED EMAIL BOTH
Office Location Kee 64 01 Fo	ormat preferred (circle)	AFER EWAIL BOTH
If more than one search is subm	itted, please prioritize sea	arches in order of need.
	e cub tonic and de	scribe as specifically as possible
Please provide a detailed statement the subject matter to be searched. I	; of the search topic, and uc	dy have and so do not need.
the subject matter to be searched. I Include the keywords, synonyms ar	nd meaning of acronyms. D	efine all terms that may have a
Include the keywords, synonyms an specific meaning. Please attach a co	opy of the background, abst	tract, claims and other pertinent
information. Please state how the terms or keyw	ord strings should relate to	one another.
Title of the Invention Blocs Ban	D HIVITI . INTA DEC PICON PI	
Inventor(s)	•	
CRAVEN TET		
Bug Ajsk: , MARK Earliest Priority date to be used	3/3/03	
Earliest Priority date to be assu-	.100	Maria Barana / I
Looking for methor of	encapsulating Mireco	This a DOESIS toamake messey
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STAFF USE ONLY		Databases Searched
Searcher Paul Ubinyi	TYPE of Search	Dialog
Phone 27734	Text	STN
Location KAIX OB 1855	Litigation	QuestelOrbit
Date picked up 11/01/0 >	Other	LEXIS/NEXIS
Date completed		Courtlink
Search Prep/review 25		Other WWW. deserchlade;
Online Time 180		. –

Set	Items	Description			
S1	2180	(ENCAPSULAT? OR EN()CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CA-			
	S?	OR EMBED? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) (7N) (MPEG OR MOV-			
	IN	G()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)			
S2	791	DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER()CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFI-			
	CATION? ?				
S3	10260	FORMAT?(3N)MESSAGE??			
S4	31489	(STRIP? OR REMOV? OR UNCOVER? OR TAK?()OFF OR WITHDRAW OR			
	EXTRACT?) (7N) CONTENT?				
S 5	246	S4 (7N) PACKET? ?			
S6	19912	MAC OR (MEDIUM OR MEDIA) () ACESS() CONTROL			
s7	5376	<pre>ENCOD?(5N)(MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)</pre>			
S8	106488	DECOD?			
S9	183291	(DISPLAY? OR SHOW? OR VIEW?)(5N)(SIGNAL OR OUTPUT)			
S10	1	(MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)(3W)(ENCAPS-			
	. UL	AT? OR EN()CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CAS? OR EMBE-			
		OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?)(3W)(DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER(-			
) C	ABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFICATION? ?)			
·S11	36	AU=(CRAVEN, J? OR CRAVEN J? OR BUGAJSKI, M? OR BUGAJSKI M?)			
S12	66007	IC=H04N?			
S13	1	S11 AND S12			
S14	9	S1(3N)S2			
S15	8	S14 NOT (S13 OR S10)			
S16	0	S3(S)S5			
S17	58	S3(S)S4			
S18	5	S17 AND S12			
S19	· 15	S6(S)S7			
S20	7	S19(S)S8			
S21	13613	S8 (S) S9			
S22	42	S21(S)S1			
S23	34	S22 AND S12			
S24	4	S23(S)S4			

13/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. 01168770 **Image available** BROADBAND MULTI-INTERFACE MEDIA MODULE MODULE MULTIMEDIA A INTERFACES MULTIPLES A LARGE BANDE Patent Applicant/Assignee: ARRIS INTERNATIONAL INC, 3871 Lakefield Drive, Suwanee, GA 30024, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Inventor(s): CRAVEN Jeff , 2765 Portabella Lane, Cumming, GA 30041, **, BUGAJSKI Mark , 4361 Riverbottom Drive, Norcross, GA 30092 Legal Representative: DOUGHTY John (agent), Arris International, Inc., 3871 Lakefield Drive, Suwanee, GA 30024, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): Patent: WO 200491104 A2-A3 20041021 (WO 0491104) WO 2004US10116 20040331 (PCT/WO US04010116) Application: Priority Application: US 2003459103 20030331 Designated States: (All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Publication Language: English

Inventor(s):

CRAVEN Jeff ...

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 3403

... BUGAJSKI Mark

Main International Patent Class: H04N-007/20 International Patent Class: H04N-007/173

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10/3,K/1
             (Item 1 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
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            **Image available**
00978112
SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROCESSING BANDWIDTH ALLOCATION MESSAGES
SYSTEME ET PROCEDE PERMETTANT DE TRAITER DES MESSAGES D'ATTRIBUTION DE
    LARGEUR DE BANDE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  INTEL CORPORATION, 2200 Mission College Boulevard, Santa Clara, CA 95052,
    US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  LOUKIANOV Dmitrii, 641 North Maple Street, Chandler, AZ 85226, US,
  CHAPPELL Christopher, 650 North Maple Street, Chandler, AZ 85226, US,
  HOFFMAN Jeffrey, 4821 West Flint Street, Chandler, AZ 85226, US,
Legal Representative:
  MALLIE Michael J (agent), Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman, 12400
    Wilshire Boulevard, 7th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90025, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:
                        WO 200307547 A2-A3 20030123 (WO 0307547)
  Application:
                       WO 2002US21021 20020703 (PCT/WO US02021021)
  Priority Application: US 2001903334 20010710
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ
  EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR
  LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI
  SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW
  (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 6891
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... frame
  comprises a header 212 and payload 214. The payload 214 of one or more
 MPEG data
  frames may encapsulate a downstream DOCSIS MAC frame 204. A
  DOCSIS MAC frame may have a payload comprising a MAC...
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15/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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01161880 **Image available**

THIN DOCSIS IN-BAND MANAGEMENT FOR INTERACTIVE HFC SERVICE DELIVERY GESTION MINCE EN-BANDE DE SERVICES HFC INTERACTIFS

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TERAYON COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS INC, 4988 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA 95054, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

RAKIB Selim Shlomo, 10271 West Acres, Cupertino, CA 95014, US, Legal Representative:

FISH Ronald Craig (agent), P.O. Box 2258, Morgan Hill, CA 95038, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200484445 A2 20040930 (WO 0484445)

Application:

WO 2004US5886 20040226 (PCT/WO US04005886)

Priority Application: US 2003389728 20030313

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR

- (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
- (AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
- (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 29844

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

Detailed Description

- ... the same RIF channel the encrypted service data is transmitted upon. This is done by **encapsulating** the M&C data in **MPEG** packets having the **DOCSIS** PID and putting these packets in an MPEG-2 transport stream used to deliver the...then encapsulated in MAC frames addressed to particular STBs or multicast. The MAC frames are **encapsulated** into **MPEG** packts having the **DOCSIS** PID in transmission convergence layer 21, and sent to a 1 5 transport multiplexer 24...
- ...the device and process which requested the other service data, These MAC frames are then **encapsulated** in **MPEG** packets having the **DOCSIS** PID in the preferred embodiment, but in alternative embodiments, the CIVITS 20 may be programmed...
- ...over-IP IP packets. These also would be supplied to DOCSIS communication protocols 20 and encapsulated into MAC frames which are encapsulated in MPEG packets having the DOCSIS PID or the private data PID.
- MPEG packets, as the term is used herein means...the MAC address of the STB which requested the service. The MAC frame is then encapsulated in

- an MPEG packet having the DOCSIS PID. Since the STB knows it requested the conditional access data for a particular service...services shifted to the other MPEG transport stream will be re-transmitted or, in the case of new M&C messages, transmitted in MPEG packets having the DOCSIS PID included in the other MPEG transport stream. This relieves congesion on the DOCSIS PID...
- ...to switches or routers in the IP cloud network 269. A CMTS 271 supplies downstream **DOCSIS MPEG** packets **encapsulated** in IP packets on line 5 273 (DOCSIS data packets) to the IP cloud 269...

Claim

- ... box and encapsulating 1 9 said MAC frame in an MPEG packet having the reserved **DOCSIS** PID of an **MPEG**
 - 2 0 transport stream;
 - 2 1 (6) **encapsulating** all other management and control data retrieved or generated in step (3) in IP packets...
- ...address of the STB which ordered the service to which said EMM message pertains, and **encapsulating** each said MAC frame in an **MPEG** packet having a **DOCSIS** PID.
 - 17 The process of claim 15 wherein step 9 comprises encapsulating each said lp...
- ...I 0 device(s) and/or process(es) which requested said other service data, and encapsulate 1 1 said MAC frames in MPEG packets having a DOCSIS PID, and wherein said computer 1 2 executing a transport multiplexer process is programmed to...
- ...of only the set top boxes which need said management and control data, and to encapsulate said MAC frames in MPEG packets having said DOCSIS PID.
 - 24 The head end apparatus of claim 18 further comprising a digital video broadcast...
- ...system also programmed to generate and output to said 2 1 IP switching network downstream DOCSIS messages encapsulated in MPEG packets 2 2 which are encapsulatated in IP packets, said DOCSIS messages including messages 2 3 containing management and control data...
- ...IP packet headers from said IP packets appearing at said output and 3 1 route encapsulated MPEG packets having a DOCSIS PID to a first output and 3 2 route encapsulated MPEG packets having PIDs of...

15/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
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01013798

QUALITY OF SERVICE CONTROL OF STREAMED CONTENT DELIVERY QUALITE DU REGLAGE DE SERVICE DE LA DISTRIBUTION CONTINUE DE CONTENUS Patent Applicant/Assignee:

AEROCAST COM INC, 5744 Pacific Center Boulevard, Suite 301, San Diego, CA 92121, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

KAUFFMAN Marc W, 961 Olive Crest Drive, Encinitas, CA 92024, US,

Legal Representative:

KULAS Charles J (et al) (agent), TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW LLP, 2 Embarcadero Center, 8th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200342856 A2-A3 20030522 (WO 0342856)

Application:

WO 2002US36853 20021114 (PCT/WO US02036853)

Priority Application: US 20012469 20011114

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT (utility model) AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR

CU CZ (utility model) CZ DE (utility model) DE DK (utility model) DK DM DZ EC EE (utility model) EE ES FI (utility model) FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU

ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX

MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SI SK (utility model) SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 8522

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... The enhanced STB 136 of this embodiment 320 can receive content objects from either the DOCSIS port or the MPEG -2 datastream.

In the case where the STB 136@ 138 receives content objects through the MPEG-2 datastrearn 'the navigational...

15/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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01012866 **Image available**

STREAMED CONTENT DELIVERY

DISTRIBUTION CONTINUE DE CONTENUS

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

AEROCAST COM INC, 5744 Pacific Center Boulevard, Suite 301, San Diego, CA 92121, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

GENERAL INSTRUMENT CORPORATION, 101 Tournament Drive, Horsham, PA 19044, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

KAUFFMAN Marc W, 961 Olive Crest Drive, Encinitas, CA 92024, US, MAKOFKA Douglas S, 516 Fairhill Street, Willow Grove, PA 19044, US, Legal Representative:

KULAS Charles J (et al) (agent), Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP, 2 Embarcadero Center, 8th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200342795 A2-A3 20030522 (WO 0342795)
Application: WO 2002US36854 20021114 (PCT/WO US02036854)

Priority Application: US 20012838 20011114

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT (utility model) AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ (utility model) CZ DE (utility model) DE DK (utility model) DK DM DZ EC EE (utility model) EE ES FI (utility model) FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SI SK (utility model) SK SL TJ TM

TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 8472

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... The enhanced STI3 136 of this embodiment 320 can receive content objects from either the DOCSIS poit or the MPEG -2 datastream.

In the case where the STB 136, 138 receives content objects through the MPEG-2 datastream, the navigational...

15/3, K/4(Item 4 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

Image available 00991726

ACTIVE CABLE MODEM OUTSIDE CUSTOMER PREMISES

MODEM CABLE ACTIF HORS LOCAUX CLIENTS

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TERAYON COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS INC, 4988 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA 95054, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

RAKIB Selim Shlomo, 10271 West Acres, Cupertino, CA 95014, US, Legal Representative:

FISH Ronald C (agent), Ronald Craig Fish, a Law Corporation, P.O. Box 2258, Morgan Hill, CA 95038, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200321803 A1 20030313 (WO 0321803)

Application:

WO 2002US21214 20020701 (PCT/WO US0221214)

Priority Application: US 2001942816 20010829

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CA JP KR

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 26831

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... modem and which are to be sent to the CMTS. Typically, the LAN packets are encapsulated into DOCSIS format packets or MPEG packets or ATM cells etc. in both the upstream and downstream directions. The exact formatting...

15/3,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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00975724 **Image available**

REMOTE CONTROL FOR DVR ENABLED HOME GATEWAY

TELECOMMANDE POUR UNE PASSERELLE DOMESTIQUE ACTIVEE PAR ENREGISTREUR VIDEO NUMERIQUE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TERAYON COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS INC, 4988 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA 95054, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

SELIM Shlomo Rakib, 10271 West Acres, Cupertino, CA 95014, US,

Legal Representative:

FISH Ronald C (agent), Ronald Craig Fish, a Law Corporation, P.O. Box 2258, Morgan Hill, CA 95038, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: Wo 200305723 Al 20030116 (WO 0305723)

Application: WO 2002US20989 20020701 (PCT/WO US0220989)

Priority Application: US 2001898728 20010703

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CA JP KR

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 22710

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... medium 14 to gateway 10. The data of the movies is compressed and may be encapsulated into ATM cells or sent via DOCSIS MPEG packets or using any other suitable transport protocol that can 35 provide the bandwidth, reliability...

15/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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00975715 **Image available**

DVR ENABLED GATEWAY FOR HOME NETWORK

PASSERELLE VALIDEE PAR DVR POUR RESEAU DOMESTIQUE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TERAYON COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS INC, 4988 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA 95054, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

RAKIB Selim Shlomo, 10271 West Acres, Cupertino, CA 95014, US, Legal Representative:

FISH Ronald C (agent), Ronald Craig Fish, a Law Corporation, P.O. Box 2258, Morgan Hill, CA 95038, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200305714 A1 20030116 (WO 0305714)

Application: WO 2002US21067 20020701 (PCT/WO US0221067)

Priority Application: US 2001898675 20010703

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CA JP KR

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 24040

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... 14 to gateway 1 0. The data of the movies is compressed and may be encapsulated into ATM cells or sent via DOCSIS MPEG packets or using any other suitable transport, protocol that can provide the bandwidth, reliability, packet...

15/3,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00975352 **Image available**

REMOTE CONTROL WHICH CAN DISPLAY VIDEO

TELECOMMANDE A AFFICHAGE VIDEO

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TERAYON COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS INC, 4988 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA 95054, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

SELIM Shlomo Rakib, 10271 West Acres, Cupertino, CA 95014, US, Legal Representative:

FISH Ronald C (agent), Ronald Craig Fish, a Law Corporation, P.O. Box 2258, Morgan Hill, CA 95038, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200305320 A2-A3 20030116 (WO 0305320)
Application: WO 2002US20958 20020701 (PCT/WO US0220958)

Priority Application: US 2001898642 20010703

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CA JP KR

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 21567

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... 14 to gateway 1 0. The data of the movies is compressed and may be encapsulated into ATM cells or sent via DOCSIS MPEG packets or using

any other suitable transport protocol that can provide the bandwidth, reliability, packet...

15/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00828356 **Image available**

CABLE MODEM HAVING A PROGRAMMABLE MEDIA ACCESS CONTROLLER

MODEM CABLE COMPRENANT UNE COMMANDE D'ACCES AU SUPPORT (MAC) PROGRAMMABLE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

CONEXANT SYSTEMS INC, 4311 Jamboree Road, Newport Beach, CA 92660-3095, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

BROOKS John M, 7071 Quiet Retreat Court, Niwot, CO 80503, US,

BERNATH Brett A, 4167 Calle Mar de Ballenas, San Diego, CA 92130, US,

Legal Representative:

SHORT Shayne X (agent), Akin, Gump, Strauss, Hauer & Feld, L.L.P., 816 Congress Avenue, 19th Floor, Austin, TX 78701, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200161935 A1 20010823 (WO 0161935)

Application:

WO 2001US5028 20010216 (PCT/WO US0105028).

Priority Application: US 2000183130 20000217; US 2001785035 20010216

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 6533

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... to, DOCKS, DAVIC/DVB (Digital Video Broadcasting) and Voice Over IP (VOIP) standards. In the **case** of **DOCSIS**, typical MAC functionality includes **MPEG** and MCNS decoding and frame synchronization.

In the cable modem device 100 of Figure 1...

```
(Item 1 from file: 348)
 18/3,K/1
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01790720
Intelligent video information management system
Intelligentes Videoinformationsverwaltungssystem
Systeme intelligent pour gerer des informations video
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  Sensormatic Electronics Corporation, (882795), 6600 Congress Avenue, Boca
    Raton, Florida 33487, (US), (Applicant designated States: all)
INVENTOR:
  Klein, Harry Eric, 9627 Babuata Road,, San Diego, CA92129, (US)
  Winter, Gerhard Josef, 7408 Park Village Road,, San Diego, CA 92129, (US)
  MacCormack, David Ross, 3344 31st Street,, San Diego, CA 92104, (US)
  Lin-Liu, Sen, 13005 Brixton Place,, San Diego, CA 92130, (US)
  N'Guyen, Lyn, 3114 Chollas Road,, San Diego, CA 92105, (US)
  N'Guyen, William Tanh, 10642 Mallard Drive,, Garden Grove, CA 92843, (US)
  Wilson, Charles Park, 9807 Highdale Road, Santee, CA 92701, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Hafner, Dieter, Dr. et al (52276), Hafner & Partner GbR
    Patent-/Rechtsanwalte Schleiermacherstrasse 25, 90491 Nurnberg, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1463325 A2 040929 (Basic)
                              EP 1463325 A2 040929
                              EP 2004004126 971001;
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 742017 961031; US 741715 961031; US 740628
    961031; US 741982 961031; US 741914 961031; US 741983 961031; US 729620
    961031; US 740651 961031; US 742015 961031; US 741650 961031; US 740627
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB
RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):
  EP 1010315 (EP 97910786)
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-007/18
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 139
NOTE:
  Figure number on first page: 1
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text Language
                           Update
                                     Word Count
                           200440
                                      2239
      CLAIMS A (English)
                          200440
                                     75082
                (English)
      SPEC A
                                     77321
Total word count - document A
Total word count - document B
                                         Ω
Total word count - documents A + B
                                     77321
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-007/18
```

...SPECIFICATION image rate. The step of determining whether an alarm condition is present may include analyzing **content** of at least one of the streams of video information and/or receiving a signal...the desired sequence for capturing the camera signal streams is generated (step 1584). The resulting **message** is **formatted** for receipt by the front end board controller (step 1586).

At step 1588 it is...

...and decoded. At step 1782, the decoded input signal data is translated into a standard message format, and at step 1784, the user interface

software component sends a corresponding message or messages...step 2058. As shown in Fig. 93B, the controller DSP first receives the "analysis aborted" message (step 2076), then formats a suitable message for receipt by the motherboard (step 2078) and forwards the message to the system director...

...from Fig. 93C, the controller DSP receives the message reporting the detected event (step 2082), **formats** a suitable **message** to report the event to the motherboard (step 2084), and then sends the message to...

18/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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01781142

Intelligent video information management system
Intelligentes Videoinformationsverwaltungssystem

Systeme intelligent pour gerer des informations video

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Sensormatic Electronics Corporation, (882795), 6600 Congress Avenue, Boca Raton, Florida 33487, (US), (Applicant designated States: all) INVENTOR:

The designation of the inventor has not yet been filed LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Hafner, Dieter, Dr. et al (52276), Hafner & Partner GbR

Patent-/Rechtsanwalte Schleiermacherstrasse 25, 90491 Nurnberg, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1453312 A2 040901 (Basic)

EP 1453312 A2 040901

EP 1453312 A3 041110

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2004004120 971001;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 742017 961031; US 741715 961031; US 740628 961031; US 741982 961031; US 741914 961031; US 741983 961031; US 729620

961031; US 740651 961031; US 742015 961031; US 741650 961031; US 740627 961031

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):

EP 1010315 (EP 97910786)

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-005/76; H04N-007/18

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 139

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: NONE

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count

CLAIMS A (English) 200436 3365

SPEC A (English) 200436 75079

Total word count - document A 78444

Total word count - document B 0

Total word count - documents A + B 78444

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-005/76 ...

... H04N-007/18

...SPECIFICATION image rate. The step of determining whether an alarm condition is present may include analyzing **content** of at least one of the streams of video information and/or receiving a signal...the desired

sequence for capturing the camera signal streams is generated (step 1584). The resulting **message** is **formatted** for receipt by the front end board controller (step 1586).

At step 1588 it is...

- ...and decoded. At step 1782, the decoded input signal data is translated into a standard message format, and at step 1784, the user interface software component sends a corresponding message or messages...step 2058. As shown in Fig. 93B, the controller DSP first receives the "analysis aborted" message (step 2076), then formats a suitable message for receipt by the motherboard (step 2078) and forwards the message to the system director...
- ...from Fig. 93C, the controller DSP receives the message reporting the detected event (step 2082), **formats** a suitable **message** to report the event to the motherboard (step 2084), and then sends the message to...

18/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

01781141

Intelligent video information management system
Intelligentes Videoinformationsverwaltungssystem
Systeme intelligent pour gerer des informations video
PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Sensormatic Electronics.Corporation, (882795), 6600 Congress Avenue, Boca Raton, Florida 33487, (US), (Applicant designated States: all) INVENTOR:

The designation of the inventor has not yet been filed LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Hafner, Dieter, Dr. et al (52276), Hafner & Partner GbR

Patent-/Rechtsanwalte Schleiermacherstrasse 25, 90491 Nurnberg, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1453311 A2 040901 (Basic)

EP 1453311 A2 040901

EP 1453311 A3 041110

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2004004119 971001;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 742017 961031; US 741715 961031; US 740628 961031; US 741982 961031; US 741914 961031; US 741983 961031; US 729620 961031; US 740651 961031; US 742015 961031; US 741650 961031; US 740627

961031

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):

EP 1010315 (EP 97910786)

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-005/76; H04N-007/18

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 139

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: NONE

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count

CLAIMS A (English) 200436 2418

SPEC A (English) 200436 75076

Total word count - document A 77494

Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 77494

... HO4N-007/18

...SPECIFICATION image rate. The step of determining whether an alarm condition is present may include analyzing content of at least one of the streams of video information and/or receiving a signal...the desired sequence for capturing the camera signal streams is generated (step 1584). The resulting message is formatted for receipt by the front end board controller (step 1586).

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- ...and decoded. At step 1782, the decoded input signal data is translated into a standard message format, and at step 1784, the user interface software component sends a corresponding message or messages...step 2058. As shown in Fig. 93B, the controller DSP first receives the "analysis aborted" message (step 2076), then formats a suitable message for receipt by the motherboard (step 2078) and forwards the message to the system director...
- ...from Fig. 93C, the controller DSP receives the message reporting the detected event (step 2082), **formats** a suitable **message** to report the event to the motherboard (step 2084), and then sends the message to...

18/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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01778599

Intelligent video information management system
Intelligentes Videoinformationsverwaltungssystem
Systeme intelligent pour gerer des informations video
PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Sensormatic Electronics Corporation, (882795), 6600 Congress Avenue, Boca Raton, Florida 33487, (US), (Applicant designated States: all)

Maccormack, David Ross, 3344 31st Street, San Diego CA 92104, (US) Nunally, Patrick O., 2227 Villa Verde Road, San Diego CA 92029, (US) Wilson, Charles Park, 9807 Highdale Road, Santee CA 92071, (US) Winter, Gerhard Josef, 7408 Park Village Road, San Diego CA 92129, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
Hafner, Dieter, Dr. et al (52276), Hafner & Partner GbR
Patent-/Rechtsanwalte Schleiermacherstrasse 25, 90491 Nurnberg, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1450559 Al 040825 (Basic) EP 1450559 Al 040825

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2004004125 971001;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 742017 961031; US 741715 961031; US 740628 961031; US 741982 961031; US 741914 961031; US 741983 961031; US 729620 961031; US 740651 961031; US 742015 961031; US 741650 961031; US 740627

961031

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):

EP 1010315 (EP 97910786)

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-005/76; H04N-007/18

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 139

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: NONE

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count

CLAIMS A (English) 200435 402 SPEC A (English) 200435 75063 Total word count - document A 75465

Total word count - document B 0

Total word count - documents A + B 75465

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-005/76 ...

... HO4N-007/18

...SPECIFICATION image rate. The step of determining whether an alarm condition is present may include analyzing **content** of at least one of the streams of video information and/or receiving a signal...the desired sequence for capturing the camera signal streams is generated (step 1584). The resulting **message**, is **formatted** for receipt by the front end board controller (step 1586).

At step 1588 it is...and decoded. At step 1782, the decoded input signal data is translated into a standard message format, and at step 1784, the user interface software component sends a corresponding message or messages...step 2058. As shown in Fig. 93B, the controller DSP first receives the "analysis aborted" message (step 2076), then formats a suitable message for receipt by the motherboard (step 2078) and forwards the message to the system director...

...from Fig. 93C, the controller DSP receives the message reporting the detected event (step 2082), **formats** a suitable **message** to report the event to the motherboard (step 2084), and then sends the message to...

18/3,K/5 (Item 1 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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01004653 **Image available**

SERVICE DATA DELIVERY SYSTEM

SYSTEME DE DISTRIBUTION DE DONNEES DE SERVICE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N V, Groenewoudseweg 1, NL-5621 BA Eindhoven, NL, NL (Residence), NL (Nationality)

Inventor(s):

SCHOLTEN Liesbeth M, Prof . Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven, NL, RANKIN Paul J, Prof . Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven, NL, EVERETT Timothy J, Prof . Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven, NL, Legal Representative:

WHITE Andrew G (agent), Internationaal Octrooibureau B.V., Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven, NL,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200334679 A2-A3 20030424 (WO 0334679)

Application: WO 2002IB3845 20020918 (PCT/WO IB0203845)

Priority Application: GB 200125018 20011018

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CN JP

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SK TR Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 12437

International Patent Class: H04N-007/173

Fulltext Availability:

Claims

Claim

... consumer electronics device suitable to embody the invention;
Figures 12A and B schematically represent a removable record carrier carrying content with, respectively, embedded and associated connection data;
Figure 13 schematically represents the supply of content and connection data in an e-mail message format;
Figure 14 shows a fifth configuration of content supplier a n-d consumer electronics device...

20/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. 01927008 Apparatus and method for synchronizing an SCDMA upstream or any other type upstream to an MCNS downstream or any other type downstream with a different clock rate than the upstream Vorrichtung und Verfahren zur Synchronisierung eines Aufwartskanals der Art SCDMA oder einer anderen Art mit einem Abwartskanal der Art MCNS oder einer anderen Art mit einem unterschiedlichen Takt als der des Aufwartskanals Systeme et methode de synchronisation d'un canal amont de type SCDMA ou d'un autre type a un canal aval de type MCMS ou d'un autre type avec une frequence d'horloge differente de celle du canal amont PATENT ASSIGNEE: Terayon Communication Systems, Inc., (2769080), 2952 Bunker Hill Lane, Santa Clara, CA 95054, (US), (Applicant designated States: all) INVENTOR: Grimwood, Michael, 839 E. Meadow Drive, Palo Alto, CA 94303, (US) Knittel, Jim, 585 Wendell Drive, Campbell, CA 95008, (US) Richardson, Paul, 3432 Cadillac Drive, San Jose, CA 95117, (US) Rakib, Selim Shlomo, 23057 Cricket Hill Road, Cupertino, CA 95014, (US) Lind, Paul Alan, 258 Waugh Avenue, Santa Cruz, CA 95065, (US) Artman, Doug, 1434 Iris Court, San Jose, CA 95125, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Howe, Steven (79532), Lloyd Wise Commonwealth House, 1-19 New Oxford Street, London WC1A 1LW, (GB) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1553716 A2 050713 (Basic) APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2005075778 980506; PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 74036 980506 DESIGNATED STATES: CH; DE; ES; FI; FR; GB; IT; LI; NL; SE RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN): EP 955742 (EP 99660075) INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04J-013/02; H04J-003/06; H04J-003/16; H04L-007/033 ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 189 NOTE: Figure number on first page: 1 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY: Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS A (English) 200528 4903 (English) 200528 32541 SPEC A Total word count - document A 37444 Total word count - document B Total word count - documents A + B 37444

- ...SPECIFICATION use in digital multi-service delivery through TV distribution systems is MCNS. In this standard, MAC layer data frames are broken down into MPEG packets which are 64-QAM or 256...
- ...a continuous stream after FEC encoding. The FEC encoding involves four layers of processing: the MPEG packets are broken up and encoded into Reed-Solomom blocks with block boundaries bearing no relationship to MPEG packet boundaries; an...

decoder to locate FEC frame boundaries. There is no synchronization coupling between the FEC and transport... (Item 2 from file: 348) 20/3,K/2 DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. 01087407 Apparatus and method for synchronizing an SCDMA upstream or any other type upstream to an MCNS downstream or any other type downstream with a different clock rate than the upstream Vorrichtung und Verfahren zur Synchronisierung eines Aufwartskanals der Art SCDMA oder einer anderen Art mit einem Abwartskanal der Art MCNS oder einer anderen Art mit einem unterschiedlichen Takt als der des Aufwartskanals Systeme et methode de synchronisation d'un canal amont de type SCDMA ou d'un autre type a un canal aval de type MCMS ou d'un autre type avec une frequence d'horloge differente de celle du canal amont PATENT ASSIGNEE: Terayon Communication Systems, Inc., (2769080), 2952 Bunker Hill Lane, Santa Clara, CA 95054, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all) INVENTOR: Grimwood, Michael, 839 E. Meadow Drive, Palo Alto, CA 94303, (US) Knittel, Jim, 585 Wendell Drive, Campbell, CA 95008, (US) Richardson, Paul, 3432 Cadillac Drive, San Jose, CA 95117, (US) Rakib, Selim Shlomo, 23057 Cricket Hill Road, Cupertino, CA 95014, (US) Lind, Paul Alan, 258 Waugh Avenue, Santa Cruz, CA 95065, (US) Artman, Doug, 1434 Iris Court, San Jose, CA 95125, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Howe, Steven et al (79532), Lloyd Wise Commonwealth House, 1-19 New Oxford Street, London WC1A 1LW, (GB) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 955742 A2 991110 (Basic) EP 955742 A3 001004 EP 955742 B1 EP 99660075 990506; APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 74036 980506 DESIGNATED STATES: CH; DE; ES; FI; FR; GB; IT; LI; NL; SE EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI RELATED DIVISIONAL NUMBER(S) - PN (AN): (EP 2005075778) INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04J-011/00; H04J-013/02; H04J-003/06; H04L-007/033; H04J-003/16 ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 189 NOTE: Figure number on first page: 1 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY: Word Count Available Text Language Update 4963 CLAIMS A (English) 199945 CLAIMS B 200514 12344 (English) CLAIMS B (German) 200514 10609 CLAIMS B (French) 200514 14774 SPEC A (English) 199945 32545 SPEC B (English) 200514 32706

37513

Total word count - document A

... The trailer is inserted by the R-S encoder and detected by the R-S

Total word count - document B 70433
Total word count - documents A + B 107946

- ...SPECIFICATION a continuous stream after FEC encoding. The FEC encoding involves four layers of processing: the MPEG packets are broken up and encoded into Reed-Solomom blocks with block boundaries bearing no relationship to MPEG packet boundaries; an...
- ... The trailer is inserted by the R-S encoder and detected by the R-S decoder to locate FEC frame boundaries. There is no synchronization coupling between the FEC and transport...
- ...SPECIFICATION use in digital multi-service delivery through TV distribution systems is MCNS. In this standard, MAC layer data frames are broken down into MPEG packets which are 64-QAM or 256...
- ...a continuous stream after FEC encoding. The FEC encoding involves four layers of processing: the MPEG packets are broken up and encoded into Reed-Solomon blocks with block boundaries bearing no relationship to MPEG packet boundaries; an...
- ...The trailer is inserted by the R-S encoder and detected by the R-S decoder to locate FEC frame boundaries. There is no synchronization coupling between the FEC and transport...

20/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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00734771

Method and apparatus for offering a receiver a first number of video signals from a transmitter

Verfahren und Vorrichtung zum Anbieten einer ersten Anzahl von Videosignalen von einem Sender zu einem Empfanger

Methode et dispositif pour delivrer un premier nombre de signaux video d'un emetteur vers un recepteur

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Koninklijke PTT Nederland N.V., (1066890), P.O. Box 95321, NL-2509 CH The Hague, (NL), (applicant designated states:

AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI; LU; NL; PT; SE)

INVENTOR:

Gabriel, Christiaan M.W., Moerbeistraat 32, NL-2321 DJ Leiden, (NL)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 692910 Al 960117 (Basic)

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 95201820 950704;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): NL 941150 940712

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI; LU; NL; PT; SE

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-007/173; H04N-007/58;

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 180

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS A (English) EPAB96 1073

SPEC A (English) EPAB96 8715

Total word count - document A 9788

Total word count - document B 0

Total word count - documents A + B 9788

- ...SPECIFICATION so-called PAL encoders or NTSC encoders. In that case, converter 11 comprises so-called MPEG -2 decoders and PAL encoders or NTSC encoders coupled thereto. Furthermore, video signals of high quality could be formed by...
- ...HDTV standard, in which case further transmitter unit 2 will comprise, for example, so-called MAC encoders. In that case, converter 11 comprises so-called MAC decoders and PAL encoders or NTSC encoders coupled thereto.

If the video signals of high quality are digital video signals encoded according to the MPEG -2 standard and transmitter unit 1 comprises so-called MPEG -2 encoders which are each composed of pyramidal layers, it becomes possible to replace the two decoders 32 and 33 by one so-called MPEG-2 decoder which automatically adjusts, for example, to the desired quality of the video signal to be decoded. If the video signals of low quality are formed by analog video signals built up according to the PAL standard or the NTSC standard, decoder 33 should be a so-called PAL decoder or NTSC decoder, while decoder 32 is, for example, a MPEG-2 decoder. If the video signals of high quality are formed by analog video signals built up according to the HDTV standard, decoder 32 should be, for example, a so-called MAC decoder, while decoder 33 is, for example a PAL decoder or NTSC decoder or NTSC

Access circuit 3 comprises, for example, a table memory in which an identification code with...

20/3,K/4 (Item 1 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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01201875

VIRTUAL COLLABORATIVE EDITING ROOM

SALLE DE MONTAGE VIRTUELLE DE COLLABORATION

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

DREAMWORKS LLC, 1000 Flower Street, Glendale, CA 91201, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor:

MODER Steven P, 3383 Copley Street, Simi Valley, CA 93063, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

FRANCISCO Emmanuel C, 8914 Rhea Avenue, Northridge, CA 91324, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

RUBIO Richard, 1036 Concha Street, Altadena, CA 91001, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

BESHEARS James F, 1752 Russett Lane, San Marino, CA 91108, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

DURANT Stephen C (agent), Morrison & Foerster LLP, 425 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 94105-2482, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200509023 A2-A3 20050127 (WO 0509023)
Application: WO 2004US21819 20040707 (PCT/WO US04021819)

Priority Application: US 2003615337 20030707

Designated States:

(All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM

DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ NA SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 6986 Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Detailed Description ... definition (HD) plasma display panels, high quality CODECs such as the Miranda Technologies, Inc. MAC - 500 MPEG -2 encode / decode card, and high quality cameras 140, such as Panasonic 1/3" 3-CCD C-mount... (Item 2 from file: 349) 20/3,K/5 DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. **Image available** 01168770 BROADBAND MULTI-INTERFACE MEDIA MODULE MODULE MULTIMEDIA A INTERFACES MULTIPLES A LARGE BANDE Patent Applicant/Assignee: ARRIS INTERNATIONAL INC, 3871 Lakefield Drive, Suwanee, GA 30024, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) CRAVEN Jeff, 2765 Portabella Lane, Cumming, GA 30041, **, BUGAJSKI Mark, 4361 Riverbottom Drive, Norcross, GA 30092, **, Legal Representative: DOUGHTY John (agent), Arris International, Inc., 3871 Lakefield Drive, Suwanee, GA 30024, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): WO 200491104 A2-A3 20041021 (WO 0491104) Patent: WO 2004US10116 20040331 (PCT/WO US04010116) Application: Priority Application: US 2003459103 20030331 Designated States: (All protection types applied unless otherwise stated - for applications 2004+)AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM . DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW (EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Publication Language: English Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 3403

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Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description
```

Detailed Description

... the DOCKS format information, as

known in the art, and provides the resulting payload to MAC 36 which communicates via a bus interface to the **decoding** system. The messages received at **decoder** MAC 38 are forwarded to digital signal processor 40

for processing according to the type of content received. For example, if the content received is video content, it may typically be **encoded** in an

8

MPEG format, known in the art. Processor 40 then performs MPEG decoding on the received video content and provides the decoded content.

to one of video ports 42. From these video ports 42, the output signal...

20/3,K/6 (Item 3 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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01137033 **Image available**

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ENCODING AND DECODING STEREOSCOPIC VIDEO PROCEDE ET APPAREIL DE CODAGE ET DE DECODAGE DE VIDEO STEREOSCOPIQUE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ELECTRONICS AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH INSTITUTE, 161, Gajeong-dong, Yuseong-gu, Daejon 305-350, KR, KR (Residence), KR (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

CHO Suk-Hee, 301, 137-11, Sinseong-dong, Yuseong-gu, Daejon 305-804, KR, KR (Residence), KR (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

CHOI Yun-Jung, Jangbang Villa 206, 118-278, Sinseong-dong, Yuseong-gu, Daejon 305-804, KR, KR (Residence), KR (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

YUN Kug-Jin, Hyundai Eyetell 710, 1457, Dunsan-dong, Seo-gu, Daejon 302-121, KR, KR (Residence), KR (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

LEE Jin-Hwan, Hanwool Apt. 111-1801, Sinseong-dong, Yuseong-gu, Daejon 305-707, KR, KR (Residence), KR (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

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AHN Chie-Teuk, Expo Apt. 208-603, Jeonmin-dong, Yuseong-gu, Daejon 305-761, KR, KR (Residence), KR (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

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Legal Representative:

YOU ME PATENT & LAW FIRM (agent), Teheran Bldg., 825-33, Yoksam-dong, Kangnam-ku, Seoul 135-080, KR,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200459980 Al 20040715 (WO 0459980)

Application: WO 2003KR132 20030122 (PCT/WO KR03000132)

Priority Application: KR 1020020084724 20021227

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(FP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK FE ES FI FR GB GR HU IF IT LU MC NI PT SE

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: Korean Fulltext Word Count: 13215

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

Detailed Description

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ENCODING AND DECODING

STEREOSCOPIC VIDEO

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims priority to and the benefit...

...of the Invention

The present invention relates to a method and device for encoding and **decoding** stereoscopic video. More, specifically, the present invention

relates to a method and device for encoding and $\frac{decoding}{decoding}$ stereoscopic video into an $\frac{decoding}{decoding}$ stream by using a conventional $\frac{decoding}{decoding}$ (multiple auxiliary component.)

(b) Description of the Related Art

A MVP (multi-view profile) method for extending two-dimensional video **encoding** techniques in the **MPEG** -2 technology has been developed as a conventional stereoscopic video encoding method. As to the...

...one of the right and left images is reconstructed when the conventional 2-dimensional video decoder reconstructs the data of the base layer, thereby maintaining compatibility

with the existing 2-dimensional video **decoder** system. An encoder of an enhancement layer uses correlation information provided between the right and...

Claim

... and the second image as auxiliary information of the first image is allocated to an \mbox{MPEG} -4 \mbox{MAC} and then $\mbox{encoded}$ / $\mbox{decoded}$.

48 The method of claim 47, wherein the auxiliary information includes at least one of...

20/3,K/7 (Item 4 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
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00749056 **Image available**

GATEWAY WITH VOICE

```
PASSERELLE VOCALE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
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    (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)
Patent Applicant/Inventor:
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  BOORA Bill, 170-6651 Fraserwood Place, Richmond, British Columbia V6W 1J3
    , CA, CA (Residence), CA (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
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    (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
  HARTMAN David, 16215 Alton Parkway, Irvine, CA 92618-3616, US, US
    (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
Legal Representative:
  GELFOUND Craig A (agent), Christie, Parker & Hale, LLP, P.O. Box 7068,
    Pasadena, CA 91109-7068, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:
                        WO 200062501 A2-A3 20001019 (WO 0062501)
                        WO 2000US10149 20000413 (PCT/WO US0010149)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 99129134 19990413; US 99136685 19990528; US
    99154903 19990920; US 99156266 19990927; US 99157470 19991001; US
    99160124 19991018; US 99161152 19991022; US 99162315 19991028; US
    99163169 19991102; US 99163170 19991102; US 99163600 19991104; US
    99164379 19991109; US 99164689 19991110; US 99164690 19991110; US
    99166289 19991118; US 99454219 19991209; US 99171203 19991215; US
    99171169 19991216; US 99171180 19991216; US 99171184 19991216; US
    2000178258 20000125; US 2000493458 20000128; US 2000522185 20000309
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB
  GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA
  MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA
  UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
```

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 80268 Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... are then passed off to an ITU-T J.83 Annex A/B/C compatible **decoder**. The integrated **decoder** performs error correction and forwards the processed received data, in either parallel or serial MPEG -2 format to a DOCSIS Media Access Controller (MAC) 112.

The output of the downstream demodulator 00 is coupled to the DOCSIS MAC 11...

- ...media independent interface I IO can forward data to and receive information from the Ethernet MAC 134. The Ethernet MAC I3)4 can also perform all the physical layer interface (PHY) functions for I OOBASE...
- ...Ethernet as well as I OBBASE-T full or half duplex. I O The Ethernet MAC 134 can also decode the received data in accordance with a variety of standards such as for example 4135b, MLT3, and Manchester decoding. The Ethernet MAC can perform clock and data recovery, stream cipher de-scrambling, and digital adaptive equalization.

 The...MPEG-2 serial or parallel data, packet sync and a data clock.

The Annex B **decoder** includes five layers, trellis **decoding**, de-randomization, convolution de-interleaving, Reed-Solomon **decoding** and checksurn **decoding**. The Annex B concatenated coding scheme along with interleaving provides good coding gain to combat...

...against burst errors. Soft decisions from the adaptative equalizer 226 are input to the trellis **decoder** which estimates the maximum likelihood of a sequence. The output sequences are forwarded to a frame synchronization and de-randomization block similar to those described for the Annex A/C **decoders**. A Reed -Solomon **decoder** preferably corrects up to three symbol errors per RS block. The checksum **decoder** accurately I identifies block containing uncorrectable errors. ...MPEG-2 serial or parallel data, packet sync and a data clock to the DOCSIS **MAC**.

The downstream demodulator I 00 also includes two AGC loops which provide control for both...

- ...attenuation in steps on the order of about 0.4 dB. 1 5 3. DOCSIS MAC
 - The DOCSIS media access controller (${\it MAC}$), includes baseline privacy encryption and decryption, transmission convergence support, a TDM/TDMA framer, and a...
- ...The TDM/TDMA preferably handles time synchronization with the cable modem termination system, upstream MAP decoding, bandwidth request generation and contention resolution. The DOCSIS MAC may be divided into four major functions, downstream functions, upstream functions, DMA interface and miscellaneous control. The downstream functions of the DOCSIS MAC include receiving MPEG frames I 00(b) from the downstream demodulator, extracting the DOCSIS MAC frames from the MPEG frames,

24/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. 00983606 Pipeline decoding system Pipeline-System zur Dekodierung Systeme pipeline de decodage PATENT ASSIGNEE: Discovision Associates, (260275), 2355 Main Street, Suite 200, Irvine, CA 92614, (US), (applicant designated states: AT; BE; CH; DE; FR; GB; IE; IT; LI; NL) INVENTOR: Wise, Adrian Philip, 10 Westbourne Cottages, Frenchay, Bristol BS6 1NA, (GB) Sotheran, Martin William, The Ridings, Wick Lane, Stinchcombe, Dursley, Gloucestershire GL11 6BD, (GB) Robbins, William Philip, 19 Springhill, CAM, Gloucestershire GL11 5PE, Finch, Helen Rosemary, Tyley, Coombe, Wotton-Under-Edge, Gloucestershire GL12 7ND, (GB) Boyd, Kevin James, 21 Lancashire Road, Bristol BS7 9DL, (GB) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Vuillermoz, Bruno et al (72791), Cabinet Laurent & Charras B.P. 32 20, rue Louis Chirpaz, 69131 Ecully Cedex, (FR) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 891089 Al 990113 (Basic) APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 98202149 950228; PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): GB 9405914 940324 DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; FR; GB; IE; IT; LI; NL RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN): EP 674443 (EP 953013018) INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-007/24; G06F-019/00; G06F-013/00; G06F-009/38; ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 165 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY: Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS A (English) 9902 165 (English) 9902 127403 Total word count - document A 127568 Total word count - document B

...SPECIFICATION the contents of the detect shift register has been identified—as a start code, its **contents** must be **removed** from the two wire interface to ensure that no further processing takes place using these...In some applications, however, it may be appropriate to detect the FLUSH arriving at the **output** of the decoder chip—set as this will indicate the end of the current video sequence. For example, the display could freeze on the last picture **output**.

When the Start Code Detector stops, there may be data from the "old" video sequence...

24/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 348)

Total word count - documents A + B 127568

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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```
00975324
```

Pipeline decoding system

Pipeline-System zur Dekodierung

Systeme pipeline de decodage

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

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Finch, Helen Rosemary, Tyley, Coombe, Wotton-Under-Edge, Gloucesterhire GL12 7ND, (GB)

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Vuillermoz, Bruno et al (72791), Cabinet Laurent & Charras B.P. 32 20, rue Louis Chirpaz, 69131 Ecully Cedex, (FR)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 884910 A1 981216 (Basic)

EP 884910 B1 010509 EP 98202132 950228;

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 98202132 95022 PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): GB 9405914 940324

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; FR; GB; IE; IT; LI; NL

RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):

EP 674443 (EP 95301301)

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-007/24; G06F-013/00; G06F-009/38

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 104 NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 76

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text	Language Update	Word Count
CLAIMS A	(English) 199851	498
CLAIMS B	(English) 200119	330
CLAIMS B	(German) 200119	308
CLAIMS B	(French) 200119	382
SPEC A	(English) 199851	126705
SPEC B	(English) 200119	122739
Total word coun	t - document A	127222
Total word coun	t - document B	123759
Total word coun	t - documents A + B	250981

...SPECIFICATION the contents of the detect shift register has been identified as a start code, its **contents** must be **removed** from the two wire interface to ensure that no further processing takes place using these...selected configures the relationship between start code value and the Token generated. This relationship is **shown** in Table A.11.4.

A.11.3.3 Extended features of the coding standards...In some applications, however, it may be appropriate to detect the FLUSH arriving at the **output** of the decoder chip-set as this will indicate the end of the current video sequence. For example, the display could freeze on the last picture **output**.

When the Start Code Detector stops, there may be data from the "old" video sequence...

```
24/3,K/3
              (Item 3 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
00711605
Reconfigurable data processing stage
Rekonfigurierbare Datenverarbeitungsstufe
Etage d'operation de donnees reconfigurable
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
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    92714, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all)
  Wise, Adrian Philip, 10 Westbourne Cottages, Frenchay, Bristol, BS16 1NA,
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  Sotheran, Martin William, The Ridings, Wick Lane, Stinchcombe, Dursley,
    Gloucestershire, GL11 6BD, (GB)
  Robbins, William Philip, 19 Springhill, Cam, Gloucestershire, GL11 5PE,
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LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Vuillermoz, Bruno et al (72791), Cabinet Laurent & Charras B.P. 32 20,
    rue Louis Chirpaz, 69131 Ecully Cedex, (FR)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 674446 A2 950927 (Basic)
                                             960814
                              EP 674446 A3
                              EP 674446 B1
                                             010801
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
                              EP 95301300 950228;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): GB 9405914 940324
DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; DE; FR; GB; IE; IT; LI; NL
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-007/24; G06F-013/00; G06F-009/38
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 144
NOTE:
  Figure number on first page: 10
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
                           Update
                                     Word Count
      CLAIMS A
               (English)
                          EPAB95
                                      2475
                                      1079
      CLAIMS B
               (English)
                           200131
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Available Text Language

CLAIMS B (German) 200131 1072 CLAIMS B (French) 200131 1186

SPEC A (English) EPAB95 125236 SPEC B (English) 200131

Total word count - document A 127738 Total word count - document B

Total word count - documents A + B 252410

... SPECIFICATION the contents of the detect shift register has been identified as a start code, its contents must be removed from the two wire interface to ensure that no further processing takes place using these...decoded.

A.16.2 Token sequence

The JPEG markers codes are converted to an analogous MPEG named Token by the Start Code Detector (see Table A.11.4, see Fig. 82...

(Item 1 from file: 349) DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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01066495 **Image available**

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR BROWSING USING MULTIPLE COORDINATED DEVICE PROCEDE ET DISPOSITIF D'EXPLORATION AU MOYEN DE PLUSIEURS DISPOSITIFS COORDONNES

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

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Legal Representative:

HANCHUK Walter G (agent), Morgan & Finnegan, L.L.P., 345 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10154, US,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200396669 A2-A3 20031120 (WO 0396669)

Application:

WO 2003US14449 20030508 (PCT/WO US03014449)

Priority Application: US 2002379635 20020510; US 2002408605 20020906; US 2003455433 20030317

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NI NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

(EP) AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English

Fulltext Word Count: 116200

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... otherwise or clear in context, "television" may be used as broadly inclusive of any video **content** or resource, including all forms of TV distribution, as well as movies, however distributed, live...the like, but may also be coded as object data, including formats provided for in MPEG

[00791 "Audio data" refers to all stored forms of sound, whether part of a video...

...refers to the element or elements of a storage system that include actual fixed or **removable** "storage media" capable of retaining **content** in an electromagnetic or other machine-readable form using any 29

technology, including electronic, magnetic...

```
? show files; ds; save temp; logoff hold
       9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2005/Oct 31
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
      15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2005/Oct 31
File
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File
      16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File
      20:Dialog Global Reporter 1997-2005/Nov 01
         (c) 2005 Dialog
      47: Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2005/Nov 01
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale group
      75:TGG Management Contents(R) 86-2005/Oct W4
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
      80:TGG Aerospace/Def.Mkts(R) 1982-2005/Oct 31
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
      88: Gale Group Business A.R.T.S., 1976-2005/Nov 01
File
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File
      98:General Sci Abs/Full-Text 1984-2004/Dec
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File 112:UBM Industry News 1998-2004/Jan 27
         (c) 2004 United Business Media
File 141:Readers Guide 1983-2004/Dec
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co
File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2005/Nov 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 160: Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 264:DIALOG Defense Newsletters 1989-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 Dialog
File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2005/Oct W4
         (c) 2005 ProQuest
File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText 1982-2004/Dec
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co
File 570: Gale Group MARS(R) 1984-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 608:KR/T Bus.News. 1992-2005/Nov 01
         (c) 2005 Knight Ridder/Tribune Bus News
File 620:EIU:Viewswire 2005/Oct 19
         (c) 2005 Economist Intelligence Unit
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2005/Nov 01
         (c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R) 1985-2005/Nov 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 623: Business Week 1985-2005/Oct 27
         (c) 2005 The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File 634: San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 San Jose Mercury News
File 635:Business Dateline(R) 1985-2005/Oct 29
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2005/Oct W3
         (c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC
File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 Dialog
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2005/Oct W2
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File 810: Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
         (c) 1999 Business Wire
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 587: Jane's Defense&Aerospace 2005/Oct W4
         (c) 2005 Jane's Information Group
Set
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S1
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             ING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)
                DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER()CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFI-
S2
             CATION? ?
S3
        24568
                FORMAT? (3N) MESSAGE? ?
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        29028
                 (STRIP? OR REMOV? OR UNCOVER? OR TAK? () OFF OR WITHDRAW OR
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                S4 (7N) PACKET? ?
S5
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                MAC OR (MEDIUM OR MEDIA) () ACESS () CONTROL
S6.
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S8
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                DECOD?
S9
        92487
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S10
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             ULAT? OR EN() CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CAS? OR EMBE-
             D? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?)(3W)(DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER(-
             ) CABLE() SERVICE() INTERFAC? ?() SPECIFICATION? ?)
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          146
S11
S12
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S13
            0
                S11 AND S2
S14
           15
                S1(S)S2
S15
            7
                RD (unique items)
                S15 NOT S10
S16
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S17
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S18
           30
                S17(S)S7
S19
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S24
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S28
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                S28 NOT PY>2003
S29
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S30
           14
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10/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 148)
DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

10173718 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20512622 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
MCNS/DOCSIS MAC clears a path for the cable-modem invasion. (multimedia
cable networking systems/Data-Over-Cable-Service Interface
Specification) (Cover Story)

Goldberg, Lee Electronic Design, v45, n27, p69(4)

Dec 1, 1997

DOCUMENT TYPE: Cover Story ISSN: 0013-4872 LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 2177 LINE COUNT: 00179

... essential for today's applications, the standard's developers were looking toward the future. Today, MPEG encapsulation provides DOCSIS with a reliable, well-defined method of setting up multiple channels within a single data...

16/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 9)

DIALOG(R)File 9:Business & Industry(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02036114 Supplier Number: 25535694 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Time Warner keeps Exploring

(Time Warner to order 500,000 additional Explorer digital set-top boxes from Scientific-Atlanta; the cable operator predicts that at least 800,000 of its subscribers will have digital set-top boxes in place by the end of 2000)

Broadcasting & Cable, v 129, n 52, p 54

December 20, 1999

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ISSN: 0007-2028 (United States)

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 308

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

...VOD, other services are still in the planning stages. The boxes won't include a **DOCSIS** cable modem, says Chiddix, since including an integral modem "isn't justified yet." The boxes can receive high-speed IP data **encapsulated** in **MPEG** -2 streams, however.

The boxes also won't include a hard disk to allow TiVo...

16/3,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 15)

DIALOG(R) File 15:ABI/Inform(R)

(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01960090 46994237

Integrated access points: The next step for MSOs

Yassini, Rouzbeh; Kostka, William

Telecommunications v33n12 PP: 33-34 Dec 1999

ISSN: 0278-4831 JRNL CODE: TEC

WORD COUNT: 1404

...TEXT: of bandwidth efficiency. On today's cable systems, both broadcast video and DOCKS data are **embedded** in **MPEG** for downstream transmission. Broadcast **MPEG** was designed specifically for cable networks and seems to do a pretty good job. Should...

...running on the raw transport stream be embedded into IP so it can run in DOCSIS, which then runs on a native stream? The big question is whether that's a...

16/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

11258331 Supplier Number: 117868984 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Casa Systems Announces the Immediate Availability of C2000 Digital Cable Termination System.

Business Wire, p5926

June 8, 2004

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 605

... movie download and interactive gaming, the C2000 DCTS also supports switched digital broadcast in either MPEG or IP format through multicast.

Casa Systems will exhibit the C2000 DCTS at SCTE 2004 in Booth

2318.

About Casa Systems...

16/3,K/4 (Item 2 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

07014867 Supplier Number: 58736259 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Time Warner keeps Exploring. (Brief Article) (Statistical Data Included)

Dickson, Glen

Broadcasting & Cable, v129, n52, p54

Dec 20, 1999

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Article Type: Brief Article; Statistical Data Included

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 314

... VOD, other services are still in the planning stages. The boxes won't include a **DOCSIS** cable modem, says Chiddix since including an integral modem "isn't justified yet." The boxes car receive high-speed IP data **encapsulated** in **MPEG** -2 streams, however.

The boxes also won't include a hard disk to allow TiVo...

16/3,K/5 (Item 1 from file: 20)

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter

(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

35390134 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Event Brief of Q1 2004 ARRIS Group, Inc. Earnings Conference Call - Part 2 FAIR DISCLOSURE WIRE

April 22, 2004

JOURNAL CODE: WFDW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 3978

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... valid MTA customer, but it was my understanding they were primarily looking at a non- **DOCSIS** space implementation of VoIP. How big a piece of their footprint do you think you...

16/3,K/6 (Item 1 from file: 696)

DIALOG(R) File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters

(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

00870220

Tandberg Dilutes Microsoft's IPTV Scheme

TelecomWeb News Digest

April 21, 2005 ISSUE: [Copyright 2005 Access Intelligence, LLC. All rights

reserved.] DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSLETTER

PUBLISHER: PHILLIPS BUSINESS INFORMATION

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH WORD COUNT: 5314 RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

(c) PBI Media, LLC. All Rts. Reserv.

TEXT:

...entry into the broadband TV market to work with either its own video Codecs or MPEG -4 - just in case . That's turned out to be a smart move as various customers, in addition to...

...be
transmitted in bandwidth-limited pipes and more customers to be reached in
DSL
and DOCSIS systems," says Matthews.
[Copyright 2005 Access Intelligence, LLC. All rights reserved.]
...
?

21/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 9)

DIALOG(R)File 9:Business & Industry(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01384722 Supplier Number: 24054151 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Startup's DSP cores take VLIW route to programmability

(Billions of Operations Per Second Inc to debut its scalable

signal-processing architecture)

Electronic Engineering Times, p 01

October 13, 1997

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ISSN: 0192-1541 (United States)

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 766

ABSTRACT:

Startup Billions of Operations Per Second Inc. (BOPS) will give the first public **view** of its scalable 1signal -processing architecture at the Microprocessor Forum this week in San Jose, Calif. The company aims...

...that will give system makers a fully programmable alternative for such normally hardwired functions as MPEG-2 encoding, MPEG-4 decoding and 3-D image processing, at an affordable die size. Its unique, semi-VLIW architecture...

TEXT:

...N.C. - Startup Billions of Operations Per Second Inc. (BOPS) will give the first public **view** of its scalable **signal** -processing architecture at the Microprocessor Forum this week in San Jose, Calif. The company aims...

...that will give system makers a fully programmable alternative for such normally hardwired functions as MPEG-2 encoding, MPEG-4 decoding and 3-D image processing, at an affordable die size. Its unique, semi-VLIW architecture...

21/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 9)

DIALOG(R) File 9: Business & Industry(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

00982456 Supplier Number: 23515512 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Deutsche Telekom Launches ATM Service

(Deutsche Telekom launches new ATM-broadcast service through Intelsat; Comsat also to offer ATM services via Intelsat)

Cable & Satellite Express, n 9, p 7

May 09, 1996

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal (United Kingdom) LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 359

TEXT:

...The first trial proved successful, with programming from public broadcaster ZDF and with a television **signal** from a live **show** in Baden-Baden.

The ZDF- signal was encoded by a Thomson unit, while the live show signal was encoded in MPEG -2. The signal was uplinked by Deutsche Telekom earth station in Usingen near Frankfurt, with downlink via SNG and decoded by Thomson/MPEG-2 equipment.

21/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 16)
DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)
(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

06380477 Supplier Number: 54769275 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) Path 1 Discloses Results of its Video Over IP Demo at NetWorld+Interop. Business Wire, p0002

June 2, 1999

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 904

... 704x480 pixels.

The DVD video utilized the output from a DVD player coupled to an MPEG -2 Encoder that converted the NTSC S-video to full D1 resolution MPEG-2 data packets. The...

...data stream passed through the TrueCircuit network to a PC operating with an MPEG-2 decoder board. The video output of the board was then shown on a wide format flat-screen monitor.

The CD quality audio came from a CD...

21/3,K/4 (Item 2 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05283223 Supplier Number: 48046933 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Startup's DSP cores take VLIW route to programmability

Wilson, Ron; Bindra, Ashok

Electronic Engineering Times, pl

Oct 13, 1997

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 781

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

...N.C. -- Startup Billions of Operations Per Second Inc. (BOPS) will give the first public **view** of its scalable **signal** -processing architecture at the Microprocessor Forum this week in San Jose, Calif. The company aims...

...that will give system makers a fully programmable alternative for such normally hardwired functions as MPEG -2 encoding, MPEG -4 decoding and 3-D image processing, at an affordable die size. Its unique, semi-VLIW architecture...

21/3,K/5 (Item 3 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R)File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04577797 Supplier Number: 46729495 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

VLSI Unveils VISTA Architecture - a Complete System-Level Silicon Solution

for the Exploding Digital Set-Top Box Market; Company Delivers on Its Roadmap, Providing All Necessary Technologies, Devices and Software to Enable a Super-Integrated, Single-Chip Set-Top Box.

Business Wire, p09231038

Sept 23, 1996

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 1412

... having to modify their hardware design.

VISTA AV includes the VES6000 MPEG 2 Audio/Video **Decoder** and VES7000 Video **Encoder** devices, providing full **MPEG** 2 video decompression; MPEG 1 Musicam audio decompression; on-screen **display** (OSD) support; and full video **signal** encoding compliant to both the NTSC and PAL television standards.

VISTA API

21/3,K/6 (Item 1 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

14598404 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 86389929 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Video server. (Marketplace).(advertisement)

Security Management, 46, 5, 116(1)

May, 2002

ISSN: 0145-9406 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 167 LINE COUNT: 00016

TEXT:

...version offers simultaneous transmission, recording, and backup, and it can save bandwidth by recording the MPEG -2 format signal locally, while encoding and transmitting the images in MPEG -4 format to remote users.

21/3,K/7 (Item 2 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

13151730 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 70926403 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

A/V integration in a wire, no "fire" required. (Technology Information)

Dipert, Brian EDN, 46, 3, 20

Feb 1, 2001

ISSN: 0012-7515 LANGUAGE: English

WORD COUNT: 687 LINE COUNT: 00058

... player designer desires to superimpose a user-interface display on a decoded DTV signal or MPEG - encoded movie.

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

The PC industry determined DVI's 165 million-pixel/sec single-channel bandwidth, which...

21/3,K/8 (Item 3 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

11474626 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 57387095 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Store-and-forward for video: like e-mailing tapes over nets.

Hindus, Leonard A.

Advanced Imaging, 14, 9, 50(2)

Sept, 1999

ISSN: 1042-0711 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 1509 LINE COUNT: 00121

... end, the process is reversed. The signal is decoded, uncompressed and stored on disk for **viewing** and **output** in the desired format. The system includes a 625/525-line video conversion for universal...

21/3,K/9 (Item 4 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c)2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

09900583 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20041293

The broad picture. (test and measurement equipment in broadcasting) (Technology Special: Test and Measurement)

Josifovska, Svetlana

Electronics Weekly, n1830, p28(1)

Oct 1, 1997

ISSN: 0013-5224 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Abstract

...ABSTRACT: Snell & Wilcox exhibited its MVA100 video analyser for MPEG-2 encoding and decoding. Hewlett-Packard **displayed** its VSB/QAM **signal** analyser which offers comprehensive test capabilities.

21/3,K/10 (Item 5 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

09802061 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 19893027 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Startup's DSP cores take VLIW route to programmability.

(very-long-instruction-word) (Billions of Operations Per Second's
 scalable signal-processing architecture) (Company Business and Marketing)
Bindra, Ashok; Wilson, Ron

Electronic Engineering Times, n975, p1(2)

Oct 13, 1997

ISSN: 0192-1541 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 870 LINE COUNT: 00073

TEXT:

...a fully programmable alternative for such normally hardwired functions as MPEG-2 encoding, MPEG-4 **decoding** and 3-D image processing, at an affordable die size. Its unique, semi-VLIW architecture...

21/3,K/11 (Item 6 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

06418656 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 13708675 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

DBS System: Thomson Consumer Electronics selects California-based C-Cube

Microsystems as compression circuit vendor. (direct broadcast satellite)

EDGE, on & about AT&T, v8, n243, p14(1)

March 22, 1993

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 495 LINE COUNT: 00041

... encode standard digital video into the MPEG format, while decoders decompress the MPEG data and **output** digital video for **viewing**. The encoder ICs will be used in the satellite uplink equipment being supplied by CLI of San Jose, CA. **Decoders** ICs will be incorporated into the DSS home receivers.

"I'm proud that Thomson has...

21/3,K/12 (Item 1 from file: 613)

DIALOG(R) File 613:PR Newswire

(c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

01043580 20030925SFTH070 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

NEC Delivers System LSI for BS/CS/Terrestrial Digital

PR Newswire

Thursday, September 25, 2003 14:49 EDT

JOURNAL CODE: PR LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSWIRE

WORD COUNT: 1,114

TEXT:

...processing of digital broadcast signals, such as extraction of content from the broadcast signal, MPEG **decoding** of digital audio/video signals, control and display of still pictures and video, supports applications...

...degrees CS broadcast and terrestrial digital broadcast in Japan.

The LSI is capable of simultaneously **decoding** multiple standard definition

video signals (hereafter called MPEG-2 MP@ML) to support legacy TV standards

but more importantly, it can **decode** the Hi-Vision standard (hereafter called

MPEG-2 MP@HL) required for Hi-Vision picture quality. This flexible decoding

allows a variety of combinations, such as simultaneous **decoding** of dual MPEG-2

MP@HL Videos, one MPEG-2 MP@HL Video and three...

...the signal's pixel configuration needs (down-conversion).

Moreover, thanks to the LSI's multi- decode support, it is possible to record a broadcast program while viewing another program and simultaneously...

...second

video output independent from the main video output allows a stable second NTSC video **output** independent from the main video **display** method.

NEC Electronics released their first video decoder LSI in March 1998, and

the (micron) PD61130 family of $\tt decoder \ LSIs$ for set-top boxes (STB) in March

2001. Major broadcasters around the world have been adopted these products for

standard decoders and PVRs.

NEC Electronics also announced the (micron) PD61110 family of MP@ML

LSIs for low-cost STBs on September 8 this year and launched the (micron) PD61170...

...will be one of

the first in the industry to realize a full lineup of MPEG -2 decoder

encoder products for equipment ranging from low-cost to high-image-quality

decoders , as well as recording-media-compatible products. NEC Electronics will exhibit and demonstrate its latest...

21/3,K/13 (Item 2 from file: 613)

DIALOG(R) File 613: PR Newswire

(c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

00662433 20011023DATU017 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TI's Programmable DSP Solution: Improved Performance

PR Newswire

Tuesday, October 23, 2001 09:56 EDT

JOURNAL CODE: PR LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSWIRE

WORD COUNT: 834

TEXT:

...of still images at up to

3-megapixels in less than a second, and it encodes and decodes CIF resolution

(352x288) MPEG -4 I+P frame video at 20 frames per second (fps).

Additional

power-down modes...

...upcoming digital camera products."

Additional enhanced features of the DSC25 include a digital liquid crystal

display (LCD) interface and S-video output . An enhanced on screen display

(OSD) provides more flexible, simplified graphical user interface (GUI) development for system designers with dedicated...

(Item 1 from file: 636) 21/3,K/14

DIALOG(R)File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 62751425 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) 04690045 Clearing the fog.

Kairoff, Josh
Sound & Video Contractor, pNA

May, 2000

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 2224 ... NAB this year produced output that would be acceptable to all but the most critical **viewer** .

The MPEG -2 encoders ' output can be set to any number of established standards. For DTV in the United States...

 \dots particular methods of storage or distribution can dictate the format and bit rate from the $\mathbf{decoder}$. It should be noted that

21/3,K/15 (Item 2 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04043495 Supplier Number: 53413374 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

STB: STB announces DesktopVCR MPEG 2 encoder/decoder at Fall Comdex '98.

M2 Presswire, pNA

Nov 17, 1998

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 971

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

M2 PRESSWIRE-17 November 1998-STB: STB announces DesktopVCR MPEG 2 encoder / decoder at Fall Comdex '98 (C)1994-98 M2 COMMUNICATIONS LTD RDATE:151198 -- STB's DesktopVCR...

- ...control over PC based digital video recording and editing, and acts as a hardware DVD **decoder**. The DesktopVCR combines an onboard TV tuner and DVD player with the ability to support...
- ...video imported into the PC with professional quality results. The DesktopVCR has the ability to **decode** two simultaneous MPEG 2 streams, adding to the number of special effects that can be...
- ...be saved as a single stream and played back using the DesktopVCR's MPEG 2 decoder . STB's VisualReality Software The DesktopVCR ships with STB's revolutionary new VisualReality software application that provides today's most active and convenient control for displaying a television signal on the PC screen. VisualReality lets the user adjust all major television controls from channel...
- ...Semiconductor Systems' Digital Infotainment technology found in the Fusion family of video and broadcast audio **decoders**. Integrating video and broadcast audio capture into a single chip, the Rockwell Bt878 provides complete consumer entertainment solutions with support for TV and FM radio **decoding** in stereo to STB's DesktopVCR. "We're beginning to see leading vendors of TV...
- ...products add new functionality to traditional solutions based on our Fusion family of PCI video decoders," said John Graham, Director of Marketing, Digital Infotainment Division at Rockwell, which is scheduled to ...

21/3,K/16 (Item 3 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02445366 Supplier Number: 44882273 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TOOLS & TECHNOLOGY: IBM Introduces MPEG-2 Decoder Device

Multimedia & Videodisc Monitor, v12, n8, pN/A

August, 1994

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 238

The decoder device includes an error concealment mechanism, which enables the decoder to maximize the use of available good data; multiple DRAM configurations for storing coded data, partially decoded pictures, and reference pictures used for motion compensation; a sophisticated output filtering and display control to handle aspect ratio changes; image expansion capabilities in both horizontal and vertical directions; and direct connection to standard digital NTSC/PAL encoders.

Samples of the MPEG -2 decoder device using IBM's 0.8 micron CMOS technology are available now. Pricing...

21/3,K/17 (Item 1 from file: 647)

DIALOG(R) File 647: CMP Computer Fulltext (c) 2005 CMP Media, LLC. All rts. reserv.

(c) 2000 cm nearly blo. mil reb. reberv.

01141289 CMP ACCESSION NUMBER: EET19971013S0003

Startup's DSP cores take VLIW route to programmability

Ashok Bindra and Ron Wilson

ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING TIMES, 1997, n 975, PG01

PUBLICATION DATE: 971013

JOURNAL CODE: EET LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext SECTION HEADING: News

WORD COUNT: 793

TEXT:

... N.C. - Startup Billions of Operations Per Second Inc. (BOPS) will give the first public **view** of its scalable **signal** - processing architecture at the Microprocessor Forum this week in San Jose, Calif. The company aims...

...that will give system makers a fully programmable alternative for such normally hardwired functions as MPEG-2 encoding, MPEG-4 decoding and 3-D image processing, at an affordable die size. Its unique, semi-VLIW architecture...

21/3,K/18 (Item 1 from file: 696)

DIALOG(R) File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters

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00677390

HDTV UPGRADE SEEN

TELEVISION DIGEST

June 21, 1999 DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSLETTER

PUBLISHER: WARREN PUBLISHING INC.

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH WORD COUNT: 558 RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

(c) WARREN PUBLISHING INC. All Rts. Reserv.

TEXT:

...board member and company's highest-ranking digital R&D executive. Purpose of higher-definition **signal** would be for public **display** on screens larger than consumer TVs, including filmless digital cinemas in future, he said. Comments...

...from "enhancement

layer" for 1080-line progressively scanned 60-fps picture, then sends it through MPEG -2 encoder as "basic" channel in compliance with ATSC standard. Additive data for "enhancement" channel are handled...

... Aug. launch, and

among owners of DTV-ready sets, 10% also have purchased set-top decoder, Panasonic U.S. executive Jeff Cove said. Projection models account for 83% of purchases, rest ...board member and company's highest-ranking

digital R&D executive. Purpose of higher-definition **signal** would be for public **display** on screens larger than consumer TVs, including filmless digital cinemas in future, he said. Comments...

...from "enhancement

layer" for 1080-line progressively scanned 60-fps picture, then sends it through MPEG -2 encoder as "basic" channel in compliance with ATSC standard. Additive data for "enhancement" channel are handled...Aug. launch, and

among owners of DTV-ready sets, 10% also have purchased set-top decoder, Panasonic U.S. executive Jeff Cove said. Projection models account for 83% of purchases, rest...

21/3,K/19 (Item 2 from file: 696)

DIALOG(R) File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters (c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

00677302

MATSUSHITA SEES HDTV UPGRADE FOR 'SPECIAL' USES

AUDIO WEEK

June 21, 1999 DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSLETTER

PUBLISHER: WARREN PUBLISHING INC.

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH WORD COUNT: 556 RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

(c) WARREN PUBLISHING INC. All Rts. Reserv.

TEXT:

...board member and company's highest-ranking digital R&D executive. Purpose of higher-definition **signal** would be for public **display** on screens larger than consumer TVs, including filmless digital cinemas in future, he said. Comments...

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... Aug. launch, and

of owners of DTV-ready sets, 10% also have purchased set-top decoder , Panasonic U.S. executive Jeff Cove said. Projection

models account for 83% of purchases, rest...board member and company's highest-ranking

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...from "enhancement layer" for

1080-line progressively scanned 60 fps picture, then sends it through MPEG -2 encoder as "basic" channel in compliance with ATSC standard. Additive data for "enhancement" channel are handled...Aug. launch, and

of owners of DTV-ready sets, 10% also have purchased set-top decoder, Panasonic U.S. executive Jeff Cove said. Projection models account for 83% of purchases, rest...

21/3,K/20 (Item 3 from file: 696)
DIALOG(R)File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters
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00635587

COMDEX TO SEE DTV FOR PC, MORE FLAT PANELS

AUDIO WEEK

November 16, 1998 DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSLETTER

PUBLISHER: WARREN PUBLISHING INC.

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH WORD COUNT: 954 RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

(c) WARREN PUBLISHING INC. All Rts. Reserv.

TEXT:

...at Comdex this week in Las

Vegas, with Panasonic and Compaq showing jointly developed tuner-decoder boards, Philips and Intel promoting reference-design chipset, Quadrant releasing preliminary information on plans for software DTV decoding in PCs early next year -- as well as real time software MPEG -2 encoding. Meanwhile, downpriced LCD desktop monitors are likely to abound as vexing incompatibilities with PC video...

...in smarts from Sage. Collaboration between Panasonic and Compaq will yield 2-board

DTV tuner- **decoder** available for sale to all PC makers by spring in \$800-\$1,000 range for...

...manufacture

boards in Osaka and make samples available by year-end, he told us. Boards decode all 18 ATSC formats and native output is 480p displayable on all PC monitors, Naimpally said. But display output depends on capability of PC's graphics card, and could be 720p for PCs monitors...

...video and audio

functions with dedicated PCI-based boards while latter is Philips DTV tuner- decoder chipset that leverages computational power of Intel Pentium processor in PC. Philips said it has...

... Naimpally told us ETA for

aftermarket retail product is "probably a year or thereabouts."

Nonhardware **decoding** for DTV might arrive sooner. Upcoming DTV **decoder** algorithm from Malvern, Pa.-based enabler Quadrant performs all-format ATSC **decoding** in software, much as does company's DVD product for PCs. Quadrant Exec. Vp Leonard...

...partners and OEM customers could come as soon as Jan. CES, he said.

Software DTV decoding would need Pentium-class PC in 400 MHz range, Sharp said, but less horsepower might...

...s case,

also would determine output resolution to PC monitor -- 480p or higher. All-software **decoder** is capable of passing 1080i broadcast, Sharp said. Besides handling ATSC and NTSC signals, Quadrant design will **decode** high-definition satellite signals in world-standard DVB format, such as that used by Echostar deployment.

Real time MPEG -2 encoding through software is other trump card Quadrant is playing in Las Vegas this week. Sharp...

...as CSS, and will carry any encryption from source material to destination recording medium. For MPEG -2 encoding from analog sources, system is Macrovision compliant, Sharp said. He told us that Quadrant is... ...at Comdex this week in Las

Vegas, with Panasonic and Compaq showing jointly developed tuner-decoder boards, Philips and Intel promoting reference-design chipset, Quadrant releasing preliminary information on plans for software DTV decoding in PCs early next year -- as well as real time software MPEG -2 encoding. Meanwhile, downpriced LCD desktop monitors are likely to abound as vexing incompatibilities with PC video...

...in smarts from Sage.

Collaboration between Panasonic and Compaq will yield 2-board DTV tuner- decoder available for sale to all PC makers by spring in \$800-\$1,000 range for...

...manufacture

boards in Osaka and make samples available by year-end, he told us. Boards decode all 18 ATSC formats and native output is 480p displayable on all PC monitors, Naimpally said. But display output depends on capability of PC's graphics card, and could be 720p for PCs monitors...

...video and audio

functions with dedicated PCI-based boards while latter is Philips DTV tuner- decoder chipset that leverages computational power of Intel Pentium processor in PC. Philips said it has...

... Naimpally told us ETA for aftermarket retail product is "probably a year or thereabouts."

Nonhardware **decoding** for DTV might arrive sooner. Upcoming DTV **decoder** algorithm from Malvern, Pa.-based enabler Quadrant

performs all-format ATSC **decoding** in software, much as does company's DVD product for PCs. Quadrant Exec. Vp Leonard...

...partners and OEM customers could come as soon as Jan. CES, he said.

Software DTV **decoding** would need Pentium-class PC in 400 MHz range, Sharp said, but less horsepower might...

...s case,

also would determine output resolution to PC monitor -- 480p or higher. All-software **decoder** is capable of passing 1080i broadcast, Sharp said. Besides handling ATSC and NTSC signals, Quadrant design will **decode** high-definition satellite signals in world-standard DVB format, such as that used by Echostar...

...from DirecTV, Sharp told us, but company seeks broader revenues from worldwide deployment.

Real time MPEG -2 encoding through software is other trump card Quadrant is playing in Las Vegas this week. Sharp...as CSS, and will carry any encryption from source material to destination recording medium. For MPEG -2 encoding from analog sources, system is Macrovision compliant, Sharp said. He told us that Quadrant is...

30/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 9)

DIALOG(R)File 9:Business & Industry(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

03091006 Supplier Number: 105614835 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Tools take the offensive on network defense. (Security).

(RSA 2003 security conference)

Government Computer News, v 22, n 18, p 34

July 14, 2003

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ISSN: 0738-4300 (United States)

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 1052

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

...the firewall and the e-mail servers, acting as a mail transfer agent. It inspects **packets**, scans for viruses, **strips** out macros, watches for malicious behavior, checks **content** and blocks spam at a rate of 120,000 messages per hour for e-mails...

30/3,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

10608835 Supplier Number: 105614835 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Tools take the offensive on network defense. (Security).(RSA 2003 security conference)

Jackson, William

Government Computer News, v22, n18, p34(1)

July 14, 2003

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Professional Trade

Word Count: 1165

... the firewall and the e-mail servers, acting as a mail transfer agent. It inspects **packets**, scans for viruses, **strips** out macros, watches for malicious behavior, checks **content** and blocks spam at a rate

30/3,K/3 (Item 2 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

07728376 Supplier Number: 64264326 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

APPEALS COURT REMANDS PART OF FCC CALEA ORDER, CITING PRIVACY. (Government Activity)

Communications Daily, v20, n159, pNA

August 16, 2000

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 1305

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

...nor the telecommunications industry to modify either the evidentiary standards or procedural safeguards to obtain <code>packets</code> from which call

content has not been stripped ," Judge David Tatel wrote. Legal wrangling
has focused on degree of access Congress intended law...
... makes clear is inappropriate with only pen register, Sobel said.
Ruling clarified that process of stripping content from packet - mode
data shouldn't be left to law enforcement agency, he said.
 "The court's...

30/3,K/4 (Item 3 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

06400487 Supplier Number: 54841538 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

MPLS: The New Order in IP Networking? (Technology Information)

Nolle, Tom Network, pNA

April 1, 1999

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext Abstract

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 3951

... headers, are simply carried in IP packets as data. At the destination end, the "envelope" packet is removed and the contents are handled in their native form. Since the contents of the IP packet aren't...

30/3,K/5 (Item 1 from file: 20)

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter

(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

16252843 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

The new, improved noodle

TIMES OF INDIA

April 20, 2001

JOURNAL CODE: WTIN LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 816

...drawbacks. The same motions can get tedious after a while. Boil the water, snip the **packet**, empty the **contents** and **remove** from fire after two minutes. Soon even the most lazy amongst us starts looking round...

30/3,K/6 (Item 2 from file: 20)

DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter

(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

13641840 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Information Appliances are Segmenting the Internet

BUSINESS WIRE

November 06, 2000

JOURNAL CODE: WBWE LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 445

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Evolving Internet Segments

Internet PC Entertainment Wireless -----

30/3,K/7 (Item 3 from file: 20)
DIALOG(R)File 20:Dialog Global Reporter
(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

01940204 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

VersaNET Communications Inc. -- ISP Accelerator Delivers High Compression Rate for Faster Data Transfer

BUSINESS WIRE

June 16, 1998 9:40

JOURNAL CODE: WBWE LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 429

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... allowing our subscribers to download information faster."

About Compression

Compression reduces the size of data **packets** resulting in higher faster transfer rates. Data **content** can be compressed by **removing** extra space characters or inserting smaller bit strings for frequently repeating ones. This process can...

30/3,K/8 (Item 1 from file: 47)

DIALOG(R) File 47: Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale group. All rts. reserv.

04406901 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 17943716 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
Quick meals on a budget: save time, save money on these healthy dinners.

(recipes) (includes information on saving money on food)

Bazar, Marla

Parents Magazine, v71, n1, p103(6)

Jan, 1996

ISSN: 1047-8574 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract WORD COUNT: 2165 LINE COUNT: 00162

... stirring often, until pork is cooked through. Remove pork mixture from skillet; set aside. 2. Remove flavor packets from noodle packages. Add water, contents of flavor packets, and noodles to skillet Bring to a boil, stirring twice. Reduce heat to medium, cover...

30/3,K/9 (Item 2 from file: 47)

DIALOG(R) File 47: Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) (c) 2005 The Gale group. All rts. reserv.

03627794 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 11540867 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
30-minute skillet dinners. (includes recipes and related article on quick cook tips)

Edelstein, Marla

Parents' Magazine, v66, n12, p137(4)

Dec, 1991

CODEN: PMAGA ISSN: 1047-8574 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE:

FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 1242 LINE COUNT: 00096

... stirring frequently, until pork is cooked through. Remove pork mixture from skillet. Set aside.

2. Remove flavor packets from noodle packages. Add water, contents of flavor packets, and noodles to skillet. Bring to boil, stirring twice. Reduce heat to medium, cover, and...

30/3,K/10 (Item 1 from file: 141)

DIALOG(R) File 141: Readers Guide

(c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

03259928 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BRGA96009928 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Quick meals on a budget.

Parents (New York, N.Y.) v. 71 (Jan. 1996) p. 103-4+

WORD COUNT: 2244

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

... stirring often, until pork is cooked through. Remove pork mixture from skillet; set aside.

2. Remove flavor packets from noodle packages. Add water, contents of flavor packets, and noodles to skillet. Bring to a boil, stirring twice. Reduce heat to medium, cover...

30/3,K/11 (Item 1 from file: 275)

DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)

(c) 2005 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01311372 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 07339896 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Learn to look for trouble in your network. (part 2)

Else, Kevin

DEC User, p77(1)

May, 1989

ISSN: 0263-6530 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT; ABSTRACT

WORD COUNT: 1034 LINE COUNT: 00081

...ABSTRACT: the cable. Test methods include loopback and stress testing. A protocol analyzer is needed to **extract packets** and examine their **contents** individually.

... users than a system falling over again 15 minutes after restarting work.

Protocol testing involves **extracting packets** from the network and examining their **contents**. Problems caused by protocol erros are, for example, a new node that cannot communicate with...

30/3,K/12 (Item 1 from file: 696)

DIALOG(R) File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters

(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

00740321

APPEALS COURT REMANDS PART OF CALEA ORDER TO FCC

MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS REPORT

August 21. 2000 DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSLETTER

PUBLISHER: WARREN PUBLISHING INC.

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH WORD COUNT: 1361 RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

(c) WARREN PUBLISHING INC. All Rts. Reserv.

TEXT:

...neither

Commission nor telecommunications industry to modify either evidentiary standards or procedural safeguards to obtain packets from which call content has not been stripped ," Judge David Tatel wrote. Legal wrangling has focused on degree of access Congress intended law...makes clear is inappropriate with only pen register, Sobel said. Ruling clarified that process of stripping content from packet -mode data shouldn't be

30/3,K/13 (Item 2 from file: 696)

DIALOG(R) File 696: DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters

(c) 2005 Dialog. All rts. reserv.

00739984

INDUSTRY LAUDS CALEA RULING, PRIVACY GROUPS SEE BROADER IMPACT

WASHINGTON TELECOM NEWSWIRE

August 15, 2000 DOCUMENT TYPE: NEWSLETTER

PUBLISHER: WARREN PUBLISHING INC.

WORD COUNT: 437 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

(c) WARREN PUBLISHING INC. All Rts. Reserv.

TEXT:

...inappropriate with only a pen register, Sobel said. The ruling clarifies that the process of stripping content from packet -mode data should not be left to a law enforcement agency, he said.

CTIA lauded...

30/3,K/14 (Item 1 from file: 674)

DIALOG(R) File 674: Computer News Fulltext

(c) 2005 IDG Communications. All rts. reserv.

117864

Classifying packets in a single pass

Journal: Network World Page Number: 31

Publication Date: July 18, 05

Word Count: 474 Line Count: 49

Text:

... and on to an intrusion-prevention/intrusion-detection system(IPS/IDS), which not only inspects packet content for signs of intrusion but also extracts , normalizes and processes informationabout the content and stores it in a centralized content management repository. The content repository is especially useful...

```
? show files; ds; save temp; logoff hold
File 344: Chinese Patents Abs Aug 1985-2005/May
         (c) 2005 European Patent Office
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Jun (Updated 051004)
         (c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD, UM & UP=200569
         (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent
File 371:French Patents 1961-2002/BOPI 200209
         (c) 2002 INPI. All rts. reserv.
Set
        Items
                Description
                 (ENCAPSULAT? OR EN()CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CA-
S1
          187
             S? OR EMBED? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) (7N) (MPEG OR MOV-
             ING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)
S2
          184
                DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER()CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFI-
             CATION? ?
S3
       . 2021
                FORMAT? (3N) MESSAGE? ?
S4
       25044
                 (STRIP? OR REMOV? OR UNCOVER? OR TAK?()OFF OR WITHDRAW OR
             EXTRACT?) (7N) CONTENT?
S5
           50
                S4 (7N) PACKET? ?
                MAC OR (MEDIUM OR MEDIA) () ACESS () CONTROL
S6
         5236
s7
         2444
                ENCOD? (5N) (MPEG OR MOVING() PICTURE? ?() DISPLAY() GROUP? ?)
S8
       176371
S9
       138546
                 (DISPLAY? OR SHOW? OR VIEW?) (5N) (SIGNAL OR OUTPUT)
                 (MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)(3W)(ENCAPS-
S10
             ULAT? OR EN() CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CAS? OR EMBE-
             D? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?)(3W)(DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER(-
             )CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFICATION? ?)
           52
                AU=(CRAVEN, J? OR CRAVEN J? OR BUGAJSKI, M? OR BUGAJSKI M?)
S11
S12
       898803
                IC=H04N?
S13
            4
                S12 AND S11
            Ω
                S1 AND S2
S14
                 (ENCAPSULAT? OR EN() CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CA-
S15
             S? OR EMBED? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) AND (MPEG OR MOVI-
             NG()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?) AND (DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER(-
             ) CABLE() SERVICE() INTERFAC? ?() SPECIFICATION? ?)
         6362
                S9 AND S8
S16
S17
           65
                S16 AND S7
S18
            0
                S17 AND S6
            0 , S17 AND S5
S19
            1
                S17 AND S4
S20
            0
                S17 AND S5
S21
            0
                S17 AND S2
S22
            0
                S17 AND S1
S23
            3
                S16 AND S1
S24
S25
            3
                S24 NOT (S15 OR S20)
            0
S26
                S24 AND S2
```

```
(Item 1 from file: 350)
 13/3,K/1
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
016775051
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2005-099329/200511
Related WPI Acc No: 2005-048231
XRPX Acc No: N05-086204
  Upstream cable modem data traffic conversion device for community antenna
  TV system, has interface provided between combined upconverted upstream
  traffic signal with downstream traffic signal, and network connection
  point
Patent Assignee: BIONE A (BION-I); BUGAJSKI M (BUGA-I); GILLFILAN D
  (GILL-I); ARRIS INT INC (ARRI-N)
Inventor: BIONE A; BUGAJSKI M; GILLFILAN D; GILLFILLAN D
Number of Countries: 108 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
                             Applicat No
Patent No
              Kind
                     Date
                                            Kind
                                                   Date
                                                            Week
US 20040268402 A1
                    20041230 US 2003472200 P
                                                  20030521
                                                            200511 B
                             US 2003482740
                                             Ρ
                                                 20030626
                             US 2004850617
                                                 20040521
                                             Α
WO 200502115
                   20050106 WO 2004US15954 A
              Α2
                                                 20040521
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2004850617 A 20040521; US
  2003472200 P 20030521; US 2003482740 P 20030626
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
US 20040268402 A1 12 H04N-007/173 Provisional application US 2003472200
                                     Provisional application US 2003482740
WO 200502115 A2 E
                       H04L-000/00
   Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ
   CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID
   IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ
   NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ
   UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR
   GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL
   SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW
... Inventor: BUGAJSKI M
...International Patent Class (Main): HO4N-007/173
 13/3,K/2
              (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
016723956
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2005-048231/200505
Related WPI Acc No: 2005-099329
XRPX Acc No: N05-042041
  System for simultaneously providing subscriber video services and data
  services, transmits and receives data signals at broadcast channel
```

frequencies, and transmits video content signals at frequencies higher

(GILL-I); HAVERKATE D (HAVE-I); HAVERKATE M (HAVE-I); ISAACS B (ISAA-I);

Patent Assignee: BLONE A (BLON-I); BUGAJSKI M (BUGA-I); GILLFILLAN D

than channel frequencies

ARRIS INT INC (ARRI-N)

Inventor: BLONE A; BUGAJSKI M ; GILLFILLAN D; HAVERKATE D; HAVERKATE M;

ISAACS B; BIONE A

Number of Countries: 108 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 2004105406 A2 20041202 WO 2004US16098 A 20040521 200505 B US 20050010962 A1 20050113 US 2003472200 P 20030521 200506

US 2003482640 P 20030626 US 2004850616 A 20040521

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2003482640 P 20030626; US 2003472200 P 20030521; US 2004850616 A 20040521

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 2004105406 A2 E 34 H04Q-000/00

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

US 20050010962 A1

H04N-007/173 Provisional application US 2003472200

Provisional application US 2003482640

... Inventor: BUGAJSKI M

International Patent Class (Main): H04N-007/173 ...

13/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016559487 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2004-718227/200470

XRPX Acc No: N04-569378

Set-top box for providing high speed data service and telephony service decodes multimedia content of broadband format, received from broadband communication circuitry and provides decoded content to user devices based on content type

Patent Assignee: BUGAJSKI M (BUGA-I); CRAVEN J (CRAV-I); ARRIS INT INC (ARRI-N)

Inventor: BUGAJSKI M ; CRAVEN J

Number of Countries: 108 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20040194147 A1 20040930 US 2003459103 P 20030331 200470 B
US 2004814029 A 20040331

WO 200491104 A2 20041021 WO 2004US10116 A 20040331 200470

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2003459103 P 20030331; US 2004814029 A 20040331

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20040194147 A1 9 H04N-007/20 Provisional application US 2003459103

WO 200491104 A2 E H04B-000/00

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ

CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

Inventor: BUGAJSKI M ...

... CRAVEN J

...International Patent Class (Main): H04N-007/20 International Patent Class (Additional): H04N-007/173

13/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

XRPX Acc No: N03-320296

Converged multimedia portal has multimedia processing module extracting multimedia signal from data signal received by network interface module, and then transmitting extracted signal to respective multimedia device

Patent Assignee: BUGAJSKI M (BUGA-I); CRAVEN J A (CRAV-I)

Inventor: BUGAJSKI M ; CRAVEN J A

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20030014757 A1 20030116 US 2001304134 P 20010710 200338 B
US 2002167952 A 20020612

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001304134 P 20010710; US 2002167952 A 20020612

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

Inventor: BUGAJSKI M ...

... CRAVEN J A

International Patent Class (Main): H04N-007/18

International Patent Class (Additional): H04N-007/00 ...

... H04N-007/16 ...

... H04N-007/173 ...

... H04N-011/00

15/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

017141416 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2005-465761/200547

XRPX Acc No: N05-378108

Memory control system for mobile terminal connected to e.g. digital video broadcasting network, reserves portion of storage capacity of memory in mobile terminal for selected content, such that terminals stores content in reserved space

Patent Assignee: NOKIA CORP (OYNO); NOKIA INC (OYNO)

Inventor: HANNIKAINEN A; MUHONEN A; VAINIO A; HAENNIKAEINEN A

Number of Countries: 108 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20050129042 A1 20050616 US 2003738836 A 20031216 200547 B
WO 200560291 A1 20050630 WO 2004IB4119 A 20041213 200547

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2003738836 A 20031216 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20050129042 A1 23 H04L-012/28

WO 200560291 A1 E H04Q-007/32

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IS IT KE LS LT LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

Abstract (Basic):

network, DVB handheld network, DVB cable network, DVB-satellite network, DVB internet protocol (IP) network, data over cable service interface specification (DOCSIS) network, Japanese terrestrial integrated service digital broadcasting (ISDB-T) network, digital audio broadcasting (DAB) network and multimedia broadcast multi- cast service (MBMS) network in communication system e.g. third generation (3G) system e.g. global...
Technology Focus:

... The transmission of audio/video content conforms to MPEG -2 standard. The mobile station operates in accordance with digital broadcasting technique that conforms to...

...EN 300 744 standards. The mobile station operates in accordance with different broadcast and multi- cast techniques that conform to 3GPPTS 22.146 standard. The wireless access points (APs) connected to...

15/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016198213 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2004-356099/200433

XRPX Acc No: N04-284715

Adaptive data packet throughput rate control method in satellite communication system, involves modulating and encoding parsed data packets in each packet queue based on profiles assigned to queues

Patent Assignee: BRESCIA R (BRES-I); CAMERON K (CAME-I); CHIEN J (CHIE-I); DALE M (DALE-I); GIN A (GINA-I); HARTMAN D (HART-I); HEBSGAARD A (HEBS-I); JAFFE S (JAFF-I); KRAFFT S (KRAF-I); KWENTUS A (KWEN-I); LIN D (LIND-I); WANG J (WANG-I)

Inventor: BRESCIA R; CAMERON K; CHIEN J; DALE M; GIN A; HARTMAN D;
 HEBSGAARD A; JAFFE S; KRAFFT S; KWENTUS A; LIN D; WANG J
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20040085976 Al 20040506 US 2002424205 P 20021106 200433 B
US 2002319929 A 20021212

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2002424205 P 20021106; US 2002319929 A 20021212

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 20040085976 Al 16 H04L-012/28 Provisional application US 2002424205

Abstract (Basic):

... For adaptive control of data packet throughput rate using data over cable service interface specification (DOCSIS) media access protocol in satellite communication system, cellular telephone system, terrestrial fixed wireless system, internet...

...in less degraded channels to achieve higher bandwidth efficiency, thereby improving channel capacity, throughput and coverage.

Technology Focus:

... The data packets in packet queues conform to MPEG format

20/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013656538 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2001-140750/200115

XRPX Acc No: N01-102730

Audio signal encoder for MPEG audio system, has quantizers to respectively quantize extracted parameter, based on synthetic spectrum envelope, input frequency spectrum information

Patent Assignee: MATSUSHITA DENKI SANGYO KK (MATU) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Applicat No Patent No Kind Date Kind Date Week JP 2000206989 A 20000728 JP 993299 Α 19990108 200115 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 993299 A 19990108

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main TPC Filing Notes

JP 2000206989 A 23 G10L-019/00

Audio signal encoder for MPEG audio system, has quantizers to respectively quantize extracted parameter, based on synthetic spectrum envelope, input...

Abstract (Basic):

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for audio signal decoder

... Audio signal encoder for e.g. MPEG audio system...

...a result quantization efficiency is raised even if it narrow banded audio signal. Since parameters extracted are quantized, the information content is reduced, and hence the symbol row of encoding signal output from encoder is decreased...

... The figure shows the block diagram of audio signal encoder

25/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

07349967 **Image available**
VIDEO REPRODUCING DEVICE

PUB. NO.: 2002-218458 [JP 2002218458 A]

PUBLISHED: August 02, 2002 (20020802)

INVENTOR(s): MARUTANI KENSUKE

APPLICANT(s): MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC IND CO LTD APPL. NO.: 2001-005417 [JP 20015417] FILED: January 12, 2001 (20010112)

ABSTRACT

SOLUTION: A transmission signal from the network, etc., is converted into an MPEG data stream...

... data converting part 2. The converting part 2 rewrites the sequence header of an inputted MPEG data stream, inserts covering data between pieces of picture data, inserts/eliminates picture data, replaces picture data or the like, and sends a converted MPEG data stream to an MPEG decoding part 3. The decoding part 3 decodes an inputted MPEG data stream and outputs a decoded video signal to a display monitor, etc., (not shown in the Figure).

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25/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

06996449 **Image available**
IMAGE COMPRESSION CODER

PUB. NO.: 2001-224029 [JP 2001224029 A]

PUBLISHED: August 17, 2001 (20010817)

INVENTOR(s): NAKAMURA KAZUHIRO

APPLICANT(s): TOSHIBA CORP

APPL. NO.: 2000-029313 [JP 200029313] FILED: February 07, 2000 (20000207)

ABSTRACT

... high quality by optimizing a data quantity remaining in an input buffer memory of a **decoder** just before **decoding** an I picture in the **case** of coding in compliance with the **MPEG** -2 video standards after applying inverse telecine processing to a telecine image signal to eliminate...

...of this information so that a B picture before an I picture is an image signal with repeating fields. Thus, a display time of the B picture is a time equivalent to 3 fields, data remaining in an input buffer memory at a decoder just before decoding the I picture are increased so as to increase a generated code quantity of a...

25/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014666514 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-487218/200252

Method for searching satellite broadcast program guide information database

Patent Assignee: KOREA TELECOM (KOTE-N)

Inventor: BAE S R; LEE H; PARK Y H; SEO J H

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week KR 2002006304 A 20020119 KR 200039889 A 20000712 200252 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): KR 200039889 A 20000712

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

KR 2002006304 A 1 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic):

respect to the selected channel is converted into red/green/blue(RGB) signals by a MPEG -II decoder (S4). In the case that a user requests a program search, the program guide information database is driven, and...

...ad, an Internet browser is driven, and a VGA signal is overlaid to a video **signal**, and a HTML is **displayed** on the screen of the TV(S7).

When a product purchase is completed, the mode...

```
? show files; ds; save temp; logoff hold
       2:INSPEC 1898-2005/oct W4
File
         (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File
       6:NTIS 1964-2005/Oct W4
         (c) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Oct W4
         (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Oct W4
File
         (c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Oct
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
      65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Oct W4
File
         (c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File
      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Aug W4
         (c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2005/Sep W4
         (c) 2005 FIZ TECHNIK
     99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/Sep
File
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File 144: Pascal 1973-2005/Oct W4
         (c) 2005 INIST/CNRS
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
File 583: Gale Group Globalbase (TM) 1986-2002/Dec 13
         (c) 2002 The Gale Group
File 603: Newspaper Abstracts 1984-1988
         (c) 2001 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 483: Newspaper Abs Daily 1986-2005/Oct 31
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
Set
        Items
                Description
                (ENCAPSULAT? OR EN()CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CA-
         1001
S1.
             S? OR EMBED? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) (7N) (MPEG OR MOV-
             ING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)
                DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER()CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFI-
S2
             CATION? ?
S3
         1566
                FORMAT? (3N) MESSAGE? ?
S4
        24419
                (STRIP? OR REMOV? OR UNCOVER? OR TAK? () OFF OR WITHDRAW OR
             EXTRACT?) (7N) CONTENT?
S5
           23
                S4 (7N) PACKET? ?
                MAC OR (MEDIUM OR MEDIA) () ACESS () CONTROL
S6
        56759
S7
                ENCOD? (5N) (MPEG OR MOVING() PICTURE? ?() DISPLAY() GROUP? ?)
         3761
       119373
S8
                DECOD?
        88051
                (DISPLAY? OR SHOW? OR VIEW?) (5N) (SIGNAL OR OUTPUT)
S 9
                (MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)(3N)(ENCAPS-
S10
             ULAT? OR EN()CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CAS? OR EMBE-
             D? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) (3N) (DOCSIS OR DATA() OVER (-
             ) CABLE() SERVICE() INTERFAC? ?() SPECIFICATION? ?)
S11
         1234
                AU=(CRAVEN, J? OR CRAVEN J? OR BUGAJSKI, M? OR BUGAJSKI M?)
S12
                S11 AND S1
            0
            0
                S11 AND S2
S13
S14
            0
                S1 AND S2
S15
            0
                S2 AND S3
                S3 AND S4
S16
            1
                S5 AND S6
S17
            0
          888
                S7 AND S8
S18
S19
            0
                S18 AND S2
                S2 AND (MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)
S20
           12
          . 6
S21
                RD (unique items)
            0
                (ENCAPSULAT? OR EN() CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CA-
S22
```

S? OR EMBED? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) AND (MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?) AND S2

16/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R) File 6:NTIS

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1208764 NTIS Accession Number: AD-A159 670/9

Automatic Processing of Navy Message Narrative

(Interim rept)

Marsh, E.; Froscher, J.; Grishman, R.; Hamburger, H.; Bachenko, J.

Naval Research Lab., Washington, DC.

Corp. Source Codes: 000927000; 251950

Report No.: NRL-8893

21 Aug 85 23p

Languages: English

Journal Announcement: GRAI8602

Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)321-8547; and email at orders@ntis.fedworld.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.

NTIS Prices: PC A02/MF A01

... work is to develop capabilities that will enable systems to handle a broad spectrum of **messages**, from highly **formatted messages** with little English description to messages consisting entirely of English narrative. In this report, an...

... the first step towards automated understanding of Navy messages was constructed and implemented. The system **extracts** informational **content** from reports about shipboard equipment failure and uses the content to assign a distribution list...

21/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

09560434 INSPEC Abstract Number: B2005-10-6240-003

Title: Driving DOCSIS 3.0 [channel bonding]

Author(s): Brown, K.

Journal: CED vol.31, no.4 p.18-25 Publisher: Cahners Business Information,

Publication Date: April 2005 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: CCEDE3 ISSN: 1044-2871

SICI: 1044-2871(200504)31:4L.18:DDCB;1-6 Material Identity Number: I824-2005-004

Language: English

Subfile: B

Copyright 2005, IEE

Title: Driving DOCSIS 3.0 [channel bonding]

...Abstract: for more speed, cable operators are poised to respond with a sounded-up model of **DOCSIS**. One of the key pins of this still-evolving, turbocharged **DOCSIS** 3.0 spec is channel bonding (or wideband) technology. While channel bonding is an attracting...

...spreads data over multiple channels rather than the single channels used to day. Armed with **DOCSIS** 3.0 modem, customers could receive 50 Megabits per second-or even 100 Mbps or...

... competition. Data is indeed the initial focus for channel bonding as part of the developing **DOCSIS** 3.0 specification, and it has attracted several proposals from silicon and CMTS vendors. That includes Cisco Systems, which has offered up a scheme that uses the **MPEG** layer to initially weld together as many as 24 channels drawn from anywhere in a...

... device, much like the modular CMTS unit designs CableLabs also is considering as part of **DOCSIS** 3.0.

...Identifiers: DOCSIS 3.0 modem

21/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

07737418 INSPEC Abstract Number: B2000-12-6210R-006

Title: Supporting MPEG video transport on DOCSIS -compliant cable networks

Author(s): Bushmitch, D.; Mukherjee, S.; Narayanan, S.; Ratty, M.; Qun

Author Affiliation: Panasonic Inf. & Networking Technol. Lab., Princeton, NJ, USA

Journal: IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communications vol.18, no.9 p.1581-96

Publisher: IEEE,

Publication Date: Sept. 2000 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: ISACEM ISSN: 0733-8716

SICI: 0733-8716(200009)18:9L.1581:SMVT;1-E Material Identity Number: D958-2000-010

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0733-8716/2000/\$10.00

Language: English

Subfile: B

Copyright 2000, IEE

Title: Supporting MPEG video transport on DOCSIS -compliant cable networks

... Abstract: scheduling mechanism suitable for transporting variable bit rate video in the upstream direction over a **DOCSIS** (data over cable system interface specification)-compliant cable network is presented. It is shown, via...

... video traces, that the proposed scheduling service provides significant improvements as compared to the existing **DOCSIS** QoS scheduling services, with regard to bandwidth utilization and latency distribution. The proposed scheduling service...

Identifiers: MPEG video transport...

... DOCSIS -compliant cable networks

21/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

07178018 INSPEC Abstract Number: B1999-04-6150M-012, C1999-04-5640-007

Title: Dynamic bandwidth allocation scheme for MCNS DOCSIS

Author(s): Chen Jian; Qian Ying; Chen Huimin; Li Yingchun; Chen Jainqiang

Author Affiliation: Sch. of Commun. & Inf., Shanghai Univ., China

Journal: Journal of Shanghai University vol.2, no.4 p.328-3

Publisher: Editorial Board of J. Shanghai Univ,

Publication Date: Dec. 1998 Country of Publication: China

ISSN: 1007-6417

SICI: 1007-6417(199812)2:4L.328:DBAS;1-#

Material Identity Number: G391-1999-001

Language: English

Subfile: B C

Copyright 1999, IEE

Title: Dynamic bandwidth allocation scheme for MCNS DOCSIS

Abstract: This paper gives a method of bandwidth allocation for MCNS **DOCSIS**. A variable CS/DS allocation algorithm regarding the demands of the data slots is proposed...

Identifiers: MCNS DOCSIS; ...

... MPEG packet stream

21/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

07043950 INSPEC Abstract Number: B9811-6150C-044

Title: Erroneous MPEG packet synchronization in the MCNS/SCTE/ITU-T J.83 Annex B standard

Author(s): Juan, Y.

Author Affiliation: Digital Media Syst. Lab., Hitachi America Ltd., Brisbane, CA, USA

Journal: IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics Conference Title: IEEE Trans. Consum. Electron. (USA) vol.44, no.3 p.963-8

Publisher: IEEE,

Publication Date: Aug. 1998 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: ITCEDA ISSN: 0098-3063

SICI: 0098-3063(199808)44:3L.963:EMPS;1-K

Material Identity Number: I273-98004

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0098-3063/98/\$10.00

Conference Title: 1998 International Conference on Consumer Electronics Conference Date: 2-4 June 1998 Conference Location: Los Angeles, CA,

USA

Language: English

Subfile: B

Copyright 1998, IEE

Title: Erroneous MPEG packet synchronization in the MCNS/SCTE/ITU-T J.83 Annex B standard

...Abstract: a phenomenon with repeating data packets sent according to the MCNS (multimedia cable network system) DOCSIS (data over cable service interface specification)/SCTE (Society of Cable Telecommunication Engineers)/ITU-T 5.83 Annex B standard. When repeating...

...by a receiver, the receiver may erroneously lock onto the bit stream and produces incorrect MPEG packets. Repeating packets are usually not generated in practical systems. They are, however, easy to...

Identifiers: erroneous MPEG packet synchronization...

... DOCSIS ; ...

... data over cable service interface specification;

21/3,K/5 (Item 1 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

05100594 E.I. No: EIP98084344388

Title: Erroneous MPEG packet synchronization in FEC decoder of the MCNS/SCTE/ITU-T J.83 Annex B standard

Author: Juan, Yujen

Corporate Source: Hitachi America, Ltd, Princeton, NJ, USA

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1998 17th Conference on Consumer Electronics

Conference Location: Los Angeles, CA, USA Conference Date: 19980602-19980604

E.I. Conference No.: 48804

Source: Digest of Technical Papers - IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics 1998. IEEE, Piscataway, NJ, USA, 98CH36160. p 372-373 THAM 22.4

Publication Year: 1998

CODEN: DTPEEL ISSN: 0747-668X

Language: English

Title: Erroneous MPEG packet synchronization in FEC decoder of the MCNS/SCTE/ITU-T J.83 Annex B...

...Abstract: a phenomenon with repeating data packets sent according to the MCNS (Multimedia Cable Network System) DOCSIS (Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification)/SCTE (Society of Cable Television Engineers)/ITU-T J.83 Annex B standard. When repeating...

...by a receiver, the receiver may erroneously lock onto the bit stream and

produces incorrect MPEG packets. Repeating packets are usually not generated in practical systems. They are, however, easy to...

Identifiers: Motion Picture Experts Group (MPEG) standards

21/3,K/6 (Item 1 from file: 95)
DIALOG(R)File 95:TEME-Technology & Management
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01770568 20030601869

Bridging the gap between fixed and mobile devices

Berenbroek, BL

Ubicom, Antwerpen, B

Bluetooth, 4. Kongress, Dortmund, DE, 29.-30. Jan, 20032003

Document type: Conference paper Language: English

Record type: Abstract

ABSTRACT:

...durch Prozessoren mit fester Registerstruktur optimal verarbeitet wurden, sind heutige Anwendungen (MP3, Voive-over-Internet, MPEG, Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, 802.11-Varianten, Bluetooth, HomePlug, USB, DSL, Docsis, PCMCIA, ISDN, GPRS usw.) durch variable Datenpaketgroessen gekennzeichnet. Darueber hinaus sind die Prozessorkosten und die...

Set	Items	Description
S1	12	(ENCAPSULAT? OR EN()CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CA-
	s?	OR EMBED? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) (7N) (MPEG OR MOV-
	IN	G()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)
S2	21	DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER()CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFI-
	CATION? ?	
S 3	65	FORMAT?(3N)MESSAGE??
S4	80	(STRIP? OR REMOV? OR UNCOVER? OR TAK?()OFF OR WITHDRAW OR
	EXTRACT?) (7N) CONTENT?	
S5	0	S4 (7N) PACKET? ?
S6	710	MAC OR (MEDIUM OR MEDIA) () ACESS () CONTROL
s7	84	<pre>ENCOD?(5N)(MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)</pre>
S8	249	DECOD?
S9	93	(DISPLAY? OR SHOW? OR VIEW?)(5N)(SIGNAL OR OUTPUT)
S10	0	(MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)(3W)(ENCAPS-
	ULAT? OR EN() CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CAS? OR EMBE-	
•	D?	OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?)(3W)(DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER(-
)CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFICATION? ?)	
S11	0	AU=(CRAVEN, J? OR CRAVEN J? OR BUGAJSKI, M? OR BUGAJSKI M?)
S12	1	S1(S)S2
S13	0	S3 (S) S4
S14	2	S6(S)S7
S15	0.	S8(S)S9

12/3,K/1

DIALOG(R) File 256: TecInfoSource

(c) 2005 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00132211 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: DSL (840386)

TITLE: DSL Has To Shake Free Of The Internet

AUTHOR: Nolle, Tom

SOURCE: Business Communications Review, v31 n6 p10(2) Jun 2001

ISSN: 0162-3885

HOMEPAGE: http://www.bcr.com

RECORD TYPE: Review

REVIEW TYPE: Product Analysis

GRADE: Product Analysis, No Rating

REVISION DATE: 20031030

...and 4 can be used to conserve access bandwidth. On cable modem systems using the <code>DOCSIS</code> specification, IP is transported in a MPEG-2 framework. When an IP layer is eliminated...

...be considered are Digital Video Broadcast specifications which offer four ways to transport video using MPEG, one of which is Multiprotocol Encapsulation (MPE). All these considerations are part of the profitability puzzle that carriers and users have...

14/3,K/1

DIALOG(R) File 256: TecInfoSource (c) 2005 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00133112 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: DVD Studio Pro 1.0 (055069)

TITLE: DVD Studio Pro 1.0 AUTHOR: Breen, Christopher

SOURCE: Macworld, p32(1) Sep 2001

ISSN: 0741-8647

HOMEPAGE: http://www.macworld.com

RECORD TYPE: Review REVIEW TYPE: Review

GRADE: B

REVISION DATE: 20011130

...breaks through the price barrier with a cost thousands of dollars lower than hardware-based, Mac -compatible DVD-authoring products. It earns very good marks overall. DVD Studio Pro 1.0...

...practice. No support is provided for previews of DVDs on an external monitor, nor is Mac OS X support provided. Just as its entry-level cousin iDVD does, DVD Studio Pro...

...on a PowerMac G4 with an Apple-provided AGP graphics card. Video source material is encoded via the provided QuickTime MPEG Encoder codec. Audio files are converted to DVD- compatible Dolby Digital (AC-3) format with the...

14/3,K/2

DIALOG(R) File 256: TecInfoSource (c) 2005 Info. Sources Inc. All rts. reserv.

00131306 DOCUMENT TYPE: Review

PRODUCT NAMES: DVD Studio Pro (055069)

TITLE: Speed Demon: Apple's DVD Studio Pro

AUTHOR: Payne, Matt SOURCE: AV Video & Multimedia Producer, v23 n5 p129(3) May 2001

ISSN: 1090-7459

RECORD TYPE: Review REVIEW TYPE: Review

GRADE: B

REVISION DATE: 20010930

...is very fast, the fact that DVD Studio Pro does not have a high-quality MPEG -2 encoder for the Mac keeps it from becoming a top-ranked DVD-encoding system.

Set	Items	Description	
S1		(ENCAPSULAT? OR EN()CAPSULAT? OR CAPSULAT? OR COVER? OR CA-	
	s?	OR EMBED? OR ENCLOS??? OR ENCAS? OR SEAL?) (7N) (MPEG OR MOV-	
	ING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)		
S2	0	DOCSIS OR DATA()OVER()CABLE()SERVICE()INTERFAC? ?()SPECIFI-	
	CATION? ?		
S3	171	FORMAT? (3N) MESSAGE? ?	
S4	25	(STRIP? OR REMOV? OR UNCOVER? OR TAK?()OFF OR WITHDRAW)(7-	
N) CONTENT?			
S5	0	S4(7N)PACKET??	
S6	345	MAC OR (MEDIUM OR MEDIA) () ACESS() CONTROL	
s7	0	<pre>ENCOD?(5N)(MPEG OR MOVING()PICTURE? ?()DISPLAY()GROUP? ?)</pre>	
S8	677	DECOD?	
S9	30	(DISPLAY? OR SHOW? OR VIEW?) (5N) (SIGNAL OR OUTPUT)	
s10 .	0	AU=(CRAVEN, J? OR CRAVEN J ? OR BUGAJSKI, M? OR BUGAJSKI M-	
?)			
S11	0	S3(S)S4	
S12	6	S6(S)S8	
S13	6	RD (unique items)	
S14	1	\$8 (\$) \$9 Î	

1/3,K/1

DIALOG(R) File 92: IHS Intl. Stds. & Specs.

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00329340

Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB); Usage of the DVB Test and Measurement Signalling Channel (PID 0x001 D) Embedded in an MPEG -2 Transport Stream (TS) V1.1.1

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TR 101 291

ISSUING ORGANIZATION: ETSI - European Telecommunications Standards

DOCUMENT TYPE: France; Europe (EC & EFTA Countries)
YEAR: 1998 00037 PAGES LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

... Video Broadcasting (DVB); Usage of the DVB Test and Measurement Signalling Channel (PID 0×001 D) Embedded in an MPEG -2 Transport Stream (TS) V1.1.1

13/3,K/1

DIALOG(R) File 92: IHS Intl. Stds. & Specs.

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00416691

Preliminary Studies of Radio Interference Limits for MAC /Packet Decoders - Section 1D - Spectrum Utilization and Applications

DOCUMENT NUMBER: REPORT 1101

ISSUING ORGANIZATION: ITU-R - International Telecommunication Union/ ITU Radiocommunication Sector

DOCUMENT TYPE: Switzerland, Swiss Confederation; Europe (EC & EFTA Countries); International

YEAR: 1990 00027 PAGES LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

Preliminary Studies of Radio Interference Limits for MAC /Packet Decoders - Section 1D - Spectrum Utilization and Applications

DESCRIPTORS: Decoders: MAC /Packet...

13/3,K/2

DIALOG(R) File 92: IHS Intl. Stds. & Specs.

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00387630

Methods of Measurement on Receivers for Satellite Broadcast Transmissions in the 12 GHz Band Part 5: Electrical Measurements on Decoder Units for MAC /Packet Systems First Edition

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 61079-5

ISSUING ORGANIZATION: IEC - International Electrotechnical Commission DOCUMENT TYPE: Switzerland, Swiss Confederation; Europe (EC & EFTA Countries); International

YEAR: 1993 00156 PAGES LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

... Receivers for Satellite Broadcast Transmissions in the 12 GHz Band Part 5: Electrical Measurements on Decoder Units for MAC /Packet Systems First Edition

DESCRIPTORS: Decoders: MAC / Packet...

... Electrical Measurement; Electrical Measurement: Decoders --...

... MAC /Packet

13/3,K/3

DIALOG(R) File 92: IHS Intl. Stds. & Specs.

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00307612

M|lemetoder for modtagere til satellitudsendelser i 12 GHz omr|det. Del 5: Elektriske m|linger p| dekoderenheder til MAC/Packet systemer

DOCUMENT NUMBER: DS/EN 61079-5:1994

ISSUING ORGANIZATION: DS - Dansk Standard

DOCUMENT TYPE: Denmark

YEAR: 1994 LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

DESCRIPTORS: Decoders : MAC / Packet...

... Electrical Measurement; Electrical Measurement: Decoders --...

... MAC /Packet

13/3,K/4

DIALOG(R) File 92: IHS Intl. Stds. & Specs.

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00284599

Messverfahren fuer Empfaenger fuer Satelliten-Rundfunkuebertragungen im 12-GHz-Bereich; Teil 5: Elektrische Messungen an Dekodern fuer MAC/Paket-Systeme (IEC 61079-5:1993); Deutsche Fassung EN 61079-5:1993

DOCUMENT NUMBER: DIN EN 61079-5

ISSUING ORGANIZATION: DIN - DIN Deutsches Institut Fur Normung E V DOCUMENT TYPE: Federal Republic of Germany; Europe (EC & EFTA Countries) YEAR: 1994 00051 PAGES LANGUAGE: GERMAN

DESCRIPTORS: Decoders: MAC / Packet...

... Electrical Measurement; Electrical Measurement: Decoders --...

... MAC /Packet

13/3,K/5

DIALOG(R) File 92: IHS Intl. Stds. & Specs.

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00215698

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DESCRIPTORS: Decoders: MAC / Packet...

... Electrical Measurement; Electrical Measurement: Decoders --...

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Notice

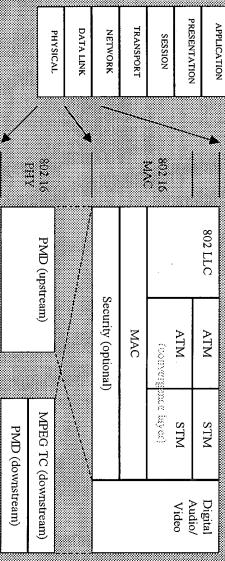
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PRESENTATION APPLICATION SESSION 902 IS 802 LLC ATM ATM (coeyergence layer) STM STM



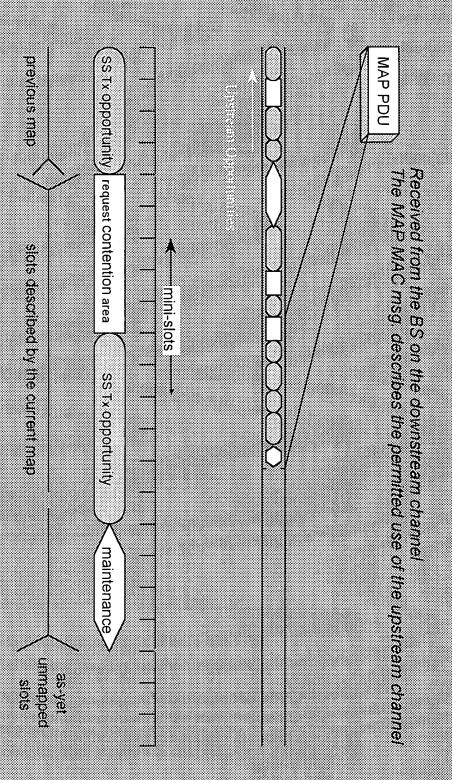
PMD Overhead
(Upstream)

MAC Header
(6-246 bytes)

MAC Payload
(6-246 bytes)

MPEG PSI Header (Downstream)

Variable Length ethernet/[ISO8802-3]
Multiple ATM Cell
Multiple STM Cell
MAC Management



DOCAL SERVICE BUILDING BUILDIN

Pitracy

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than paybadonly

ERRONEOUS MPEG PACKET SYNCHRONIZATION IN THE MCNS/SCTE/ITU-T J.83 ANNEX B STANDARD

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Abstract -- This paper presents a phenomenon with repeating data packets sent according to the MCNS (Multimedia Cable Network System) DOCSIS (Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification)/SCTE (Society of Cable Telecommunication Engineers)/ITU-T J.83 Annex B standard. When repeating packets are received by a receiver, the receiver may erroneously lock onto the bit stream and produces incorrect MPEG packets. Repeating packets are usually not generated in practical systems. They are, however, easy to generate and preferred in a testing environment during product development. A system vendor may unknowingly encounter this phenomenon and incur delays in product designs in trying to solve this apparent error. This paper presents the mathematical background on the cause of this phenomenon.

1. Introduction

The ITU-T Recommendation J.83 Annex B (1995), Digital Multi-Programme Systems for Television Sound and Data Services[1] is a standard that is widely used in North America for transmission of a variety of digital

information over coaxial cables, including the DOCSIS cable modern specification by MCNS[2].

The standard calls for a layered approach with the encoding and decoding of the data. This is depicted in Figure 1. At the outermost layer is the MPEG-2 framing layer that is used to substitute the MPEG-2 sync byte with an encoded parity checksum for every MPEG-2 packet.

The parity checksum is intended for packet synchronization and error detection. However, there are some deficiencies with this scheme. In particular, it is possible for a receiver to incorrectly synchronize itself when packets with identical information are sent. This does not necessarily mean that the standards are flawed. However, this raises some issues a receiver vendor must be aware of while testing systems for functionality, correctness, compatibility, and interoperability.

The following paper is intended to give a mathematical background on the cause of this potential false locking phenomenon. To understand the mathematics, one needs to know some finite field arithmetic that is the foundation of algebraic coding.

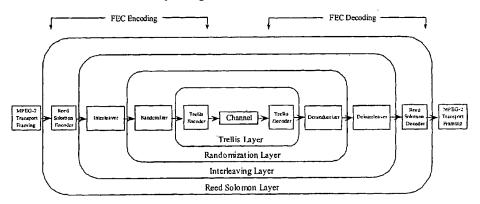


Figure 1 Layers of Processing for Encoding and Decoding of Packets

II. MPEG-2 CHECKSUM GENERATOR

The parity checksum is computed over the adjacent 187 bytes, which constitute the immediately preceding MPEG-2 packet contents (minus sync byte). The decoder computes a sliding checksum on the serial data stream, using the detection of a valid code word to detect the start of a packet. Once a locked alignment is established, the absence of a valid code word at the expected location will indicate a packet error. The error flag of the previous packet may be set as the data is passed out of the decoder. The normal sync byte must be re-inserted in place of the checksum to provide a standard MPEG-2 data stream as an output.

Figure 2 is duplicated from the SCTE specification. This figure describes how the checksum is computed from an MPEG-2 packet.

constitute the MPEG-2 transport stream packet payload are then shifted in. The encoder input is set to zero after the 1496 data bits are received, and eight additional shifts are required to sequentially output the eight computed syndrome bits. This 8-bit result is then passed through an additional FIR filter function g(x) (initialized to an allzero state prior to the introduction of the 8 syndrome bits) to generate an encoder checksum. An offset of 67_{bex} is then added to the encoder checksum to produce the final parity checksum and transmitted. Note that addition for both the encoder and decoder are performed as modulo 2 additions.

III. MPEG-2 PACKET SYNCHRONIZATION AND CHECKSUM DECODING

The circuit structure that is used at the receiver to synchronize and recover MPEG-2 packets can be described with Figure 3. It is also duplicated from the

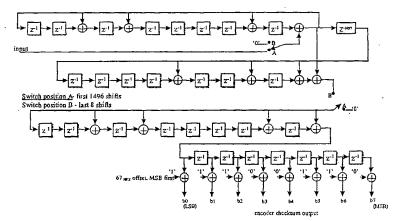


Figure 2 Checksum generator for the MPEG-2 sync byte encoder

SCTE specification.

For an encoding operation, the LFSRs (Linear Feedback Shift Registers) are first initialized so that all memory elements contain zero values. The 1496 bits which

The decoder computes a sliding syndrome on the serial data stream, using the detection of a valid code word to

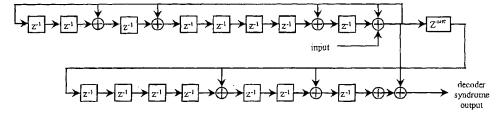


Figure 3 Syndrome generator circuit for the MPEG-2 sync decoder

detect the start of a packet. A valid code word is indicated when the calculated syndrome produces a 47_{bex} result. The syndrome is also calculated based on the previous 187 bytes and not the 187 bytes yet to be received by the decoder.

One can also observe that the decoder circuit is very similar to the top half of the encoder circuit with the exception that the input to the g(x) LFSR is the continuous bit stream and not multiplexed with zeros. In addition, the 1497 bit delay element is also not reset to all zeros at the beginning of a packet. This is needed for packet synchronization.

IV. FINITE FIELD ALGEBRA

In order to understand the encoder and the decoder, some understanding of finite field algebra and algebraic coding is necessary.

A finite field is defined as a set of elements that can be added and subtracted, multiplied and divided. The smallest possible finite field consists of only 2 elements, 0, and 1. This field is also called a Galois field with a notation of GF(2). The addition is defined to be modulo 2 addition and multiplication is defined to be a logical AND operation. This binary field lends itself very well to digital communications and circuits.

From a finite field of 2 elements, an extension field $GF(2^m)$ of GF(2) can be constructed. The extension field contains 2m elements and can be written as a polynomial of degree (m-1) or less, where the coefficient of the polynomial is a GF(2) element, either a 0 or 1. This can usually be represented as an m-bit binary number, where the bit position represents the degree of the polynomial term. For example,

 $g(x) = x^8 + x^6 + x^5 + x + 1$ can be represented as binary 1 0110 0011

To construct such an extension field, one needs to find a prime polynomial or irreducible polynomial of degree m. A prime polynomial is defined as a polynomial that can be divided only by 1 and itself. The division is performed with GF(2) division. The g(x) above is a prime polynomial of degree 8. It can be used to construct a GF(256). This g(x) polynomial will then be called the primitive element for this GF(256). Every field element will then be constructed modulo g(x). This definition can be found as Definition 4.5.5 in [4].

Further, it is stated without proof that g(x) divides $(x^{255} + 1)$ in GF(2) polynomial division. Note that addition and subtraction (or negation) are identical in GF(2). In

general, any primitive polynomial p(x) of any GF(q) where q is a power of a prime number, divides $(x^{(q+1)}-1)$. For this case, q is $256=2^8$, a power (8) of a prime number (2). This theorem can be proven with the theorems proven in Chapter 4 of [4].

V. ALGEBRAIC CODING

Many error correction/detection codes can be described algebraically; examples include Reed Solomon codes, Hamming codes, and CRC codes. The parity checksum coding in the SCTE specification[3] is no exception.

In general, such codes are produced by taking an information word (usually a block of data), represented by the polynomial i(x), and multiplying it with a generator, represented by the polynomial g(x), to create the transmitted code word, represented by the polynomial c(x). That is:

$$c(x) = i(x) \cdot g(x)$$

When the decoder receives the transmitted code word, it checks to see whether the code word is divisible by g(x). If so, then the original information word can be recovered by using the above equation. When there are errors during the transmission, the received code word will not be divisible by g(x), then depending on how many errors occurred during the transmission, the received code word may or may not be correctable to recover the original information word.

The amount or errors that can be corrected so that original information words can be recovered depends on the amount of parity information that is included in the transmitted code word. The parity information comes from the fact that the information word is multiplied by the generator. For the receiver to correct 1 symbol error, 2 symbols of parity are needed. (Note: a symbol is defined to be a unit of the code construction, or a coefficient in the information word polynomial; this could mean a bit for the case of the parity checksum code or a 7-bit symbol in the case of the Reed Solomon code described in the SCTE specification.) This is so that algebraic equations can be derived to solve for the location and the magnitude of the error within the information word. So, to correct t errors, 2t symbols of parity are needed. The weight of the code is also said to be 2t. This means that for any pairs of information words that differ by 1 symbol, the generated code words are guaranteed to differ by 2t (or more) symbols. It is also possible to detect errors with this encoding scheme. With 2t parity symbols, it is possible to detect up to 2t errors.

With the MPEG checksum generation scheme, there are 8 bits of checksum for every packet. This means a code could be generated so that up to 8 bits of error can be detected. However, with the particular encoding scheme of the MPEG checksum, the code can detect up to 5 bits of error. This also means that when there are more than 5 bits (2t symbols for the general case) of errors, it is possible for the decoder not to recognize the error. In fact, it is possible and sometimes likely for the decoder to consider the transmitted code word to be of no errors even when errors are present. For the MPEG synchronization/checksum decoder, it is possible then for the circuit to lock on to the bit stream erroneously and not realize it.

The above encoding scheme often generates nonsystematic code, i.c., information code words that are not duplicated verbatim over the transmitted code word, due to the polynomial multiplication with the generator polynomial. To construct a systematic code word and satisfy the mathematical property (c(x)) is divisible by g(x), the encoding equation can be modified to:

 $c(x) = i(x)x^{n-k} + i(x)x^{n-k} \mod g(x)$, where mod is the modulo operator.

In the equation, k represents the length of the information word and n represents the length of the transmitted code word. This guarantees that the original information is preserved as the high order coefficients of the transmitted code word polynomial. This also means that $i(x)x^{n-k}$ mod g(x) is the parity information.

The choice of g(x) depends on codes, but this is usually chosen to be a combination of prime polynomials to maximize the separation between code words for improved error detection capability. For the case of the MPEG checksum encoder, g(x) is chosen to be $x^8 + x^6 + x^5 + x + 1$, a prime polynomial of degree 8.

VI. FALSE LOCKING IN THE MPEG-2 SYNCHRONIZATION

As mentioned before, it is possible for the MPEG-2 synchronization in a receiver to incorrectly synchronize itself to the bit stream when certain conditions in the packets are met. I will show one possibility here with the mathematical background.

The checksum information generated by the encoder depends only on the first 8 bits of every packet and the result of the input bit stream passing through the g(x) LFSR. The g(x) LFSR implements the modulo g(x) function and the g(x) polynomial is a prime polynomial of degree 8 in GF(2). If the encoder has packets with the

identical first 8 bits in every packet, then the checksum will only depend on the result of the input bit stream through the g(x) LFSR (or the modulo g(x) operation).

Most of the conditions for false locking to the bit stream have been met now. All it will take now would be that if the modulo g(x) operation creates identical output so that a valid syndrome word can be found at some shifted position of the bit stream. This is not difficult to achieve. In fact, if identical constant packets (a packet with all zeros, for example) are delivered into the encoder so that a repeated bit pattern is received at the decoder, it is possible for the decoder to lock onto the packets that are multiples of 255 bits away from the correct packet boundaries. Here is how:

- (1) Due to the fact that the bit stream at the receiver is constant except at the checksum locations, if a false lock happens at location p, then the input to the b(x) shift register at the decoder will receive the same input if the bit stream is shifted by 255 bits.
- (2) As it is shown from the previous section, the top g(x) LFSR really implements a modulo g(x) operation. That is, the output of g(x)

$$r(x) = i(x)x^{n-k} \bmod g(x) \tag{1}$$

then we can rewrite $i(x)x^{n-k}$ as

$$i(x)x^{n-k} = Q(x)g(x) + r(x)$$
(2)

where Q(x) is the quotient and r(x) is the remainder polynomials. Note that the degree of r(x) is less than the degree of g(x). Then,

$$c(x) = Q(x)g(x) \tag{3}$$

Suppose c(x) is shifted by 255 bits (equivalent to multiplying c(x) with x^{255}), then

$$c(x)x^{255} = Q'(x)g(x)$$
 (4)

where

$$Q'(x) = Q(x)x^{255} (5)$$

From (2) and (5), we have

$$i(x)x^{n-k}x^{255} = Q'(x)g(x) + r(x)x^{255}$$
 (6)

or

$$i(x)x^{n-k}x^{255} = (Q'(x) + Q''(x))g(x) + r'(x)$$
 (7)

where

$$r(x)x^{255} = Q''(x)g(x) + r'(x)$$
 (8)

So

$$r'(x) = i(x)x^{255}x^{n-k} \mod g(x)$$
 (9)

Again, the degree of r'(x) is less than the degree of g(x)

Summing (2) and (7), we have

$$i(x)x^{n-k}(x^{255}+1) = (Q'(x)+Q''(x)+Q(x))g(x)+$$
$$(r'(x)+r(x))$$
(9)

However, we know from before that g(x) divides $x^{255} + 1$, and both r'(x) and r(x) are polynomials of degree less than g(x), so (r'(x) + r(x)) is a polynomial of degree less than g(x). This can be written as:

$$i(x)g(x)p(x) = (Q'(x) + Q'(x) + Q(x))g(x) + (r'(x) + r(x))$$
(10)

for some p(x). Since (r'(x) + r(x)) is a polynomial of degree less than g(x), we conclude that r'(x) + r(x) = 0, or in GF(2) arithmetic:

$$r(x) = r'(x) \tag{11}$$

This means that if the code word is shifted by 255 bits, the parity information needed for detecting a valid code word is the same as the unshifted code word. One can further prove that if the code word is rotated by 255 bits (equivalent to multiplying the information word by x^{255} and taking the result modulo x^{255}), the parity information needed for detecting a valid code word is also the same.

Therefore, if the code word is shifted by 255 bits, the decoder will consider it to be a correct code word since the syndrome computed by the decoder will be the same as the original code word. This conclusion can also be extended to include code words that are shifted by a multiple of 255 bits from the original code word.

When the bit stream is identical from packet to packet, the decoder can lock onto a bit stream with packets that are multiples of 255 bits away from the correct packet boundaries since the syndrome computed will be a correct one. The MCNS DOCSIS specification calls for 5

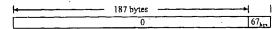
consecutive valid syndrome code words for the lock to occur[3]. This can be easily met if the encoder is transmitting constant packets as well.

Another way to view this problem is that when the packet is rotated by 255 bits (or multiples of 255 bits), the code word essentially has a weight difference of 10 bits when compared to the original code word, which can be considered as an error of 10 bits. Since the MPEG checksum code can detect errors of up to 5 bits. Therefore, there is no way for the decoder to detect when an error of 10 bits occurs in the transmission.

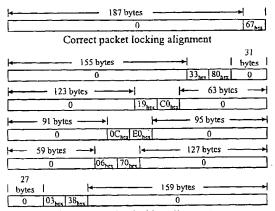
VII. PRACTICAL EXAMPLES

The following example will demonstrate that when all MPEG-2 packets contain zeros, a simple pattern that may be preferred during testing, there are 6 possible locations a decoder can lock to. In all 6 possible locations, a valid syndrome word is produced causing the decoder to believe that it has properly synchronized and decoded the bit stream.

The encoded packet will look like:



The following figures show the 6 possible lock locations, only the first one is the correct one. Please note that the checksum bytes in the figure have not been removed from the packets so that every packet has 188 bytes. A decoder would substitute the checksum byte location with the normal MPEG-2 sync byte once the lock is established, however.



Incorrect packet locking alignments

During acquisition, the decoder looks for any syndrome computation that yields a valid syndrome word of 47_{hex} .

In all of the 6 scenarios above, the decoder will compute a valid syndrome word of $47_{\rm hex}$ after going through the first 187 bytes. Therefore, the decoder will determine that it has found a potential packet with the proper alignment. When this valid syndrome word is found at the same location for 5 consecutive packets, the decoder will declare that it has locked onto the proper MPEG packet alignment. With constant and repeating packets from the encoder, the decoder CAN and WILL lock onto the bit stream with any one of the above 6 scenarios. Of course, only the first scenario produces correctly aligned MPEG packets with respect to the encoder. All of the other 5 scenarios produce incorrectly aligned MPEG packets with respect to the encoder.

In all of the 5 incorrect scenarios, the computed checksum from the encoder (67_{hex}) is located within the MPEG packet data as various shifted bytes (3380_{hex}) , $19C0_{hex}$, $0CE0_{hex}$, 0670_{hex} , or 0338_{hex}). These 5 scenarios represent bit stream shifted by multiples of 255 bits (255, 510, 765, 1020, and 1275).

VIII. CONCLUSION

This paper presented a possible scenario where the MPEG-2 synchronization and checksum decoder can falsely lock onto the bit stream and not detect any errors when constant packets are being generated by the encoder. Therefore, it is impossible to test any decoder correctly when constant packets are generated by the encoder.

It is also worthy to note that the synchronization and checksum decoder can also falsely lock onto the bit stream as long as the encoder is sending repeating packets. The frequency and likelihood of such events depend on the data pattern. The only way of avoiding such false lock conditions is for the encoder to send packets with non-repeating information (for example, pseudo-random sequences) within a packet.

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Adaptive Scheduling in DOCSIS-based CATV Networks

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Abstract This paper studies the effect of the DOCSIS MAC layer on the performance of two-way TCP transfers in Hybrid Fiber Coax (HFC) networks. We propose a new adaptive scheduling scheme called Long Packet Deferment (LPD) at the headend to improve TCP performance in DOCSIS-based HFC networks. LPD reduces the frequency of transmission of long packets and, if such long packets are transmitted, they are scheduled towards the end of each transmission period. Thus, it allows the system to behave as in a symmetric network earlier, reduces the round trip delay of sending data packets, and improves the aggregate downstream throughput. We have conducted simulations using network simulator ns-2 to compare the simple first-come-first-served scheduling of DOCSIS and IEEE 802.14 like mechanism with LPD. The results show that LPD has better performance in terms of higher aggregate downstream throughput and shorter access delay.

Keywords: TCP, HFC, DOCSIS, asymmetric network

1. Introduction

A Hybrid Fiber Coax (HFC) network is a promising technology to provide broadband access to the Internet. It is a tree-and-branch, point-to-multi-point access network in the downstream direction but a multipoint-to-point, bus access network in the upstream direction. The Multimedia Cable Network System Partners (MCNS) [1] and the IEEE 802.14 Working Group [2] are developing standards to enable data communication capabilities over HFC networks.

MCNS's Data-Over-Cable Service Interface Specifications (DOCSIS) specifies the physical layer modulation and the MAC layer operation for HFC networks. In DOCSIS, the upstream channel is modeled as a stream of mini-slots, is based on a contention-based reservation control mechanism to arbitrate random access to the channel, and is controlled by the Cable Modem Termination System (CMTS) at the headend. Each Cable Modem (CM) sends requests to the CMTS for the use of the upstream channel, and waits for data grants (i.e., slots) allocated by the CMTS. The CMTS regularly transmits downstream management messages called Upstream Bandwidth Allocation (denoted as MAP), which defines transmission intervals on the upstream channel. Each transmission interval specified by a MAP contains request mini-slots and data mini-slots. Request mini-slots are used by CMs to request upstream bandwidth; data mini-slots are used by CMs to transmit data frames. All CMs learn the assignment of bandwidth from the MAP. Thus, each MAP must be received by all the CMs before the beginning of the described transmission period (i.e.,

its effective time).

Previous studies [1-4] have shown that TCP performance degrades when operating in HFC networks due to the bandwidth asymmetry of downstream and upstream channels. [5] investigates how DOCSIS MAC layer affects bandwidth asymmetry. This paper proposes a new protocol called "Long Packet Deferment" at the headend to solve the TCP performance problem caused by DOCSIS MAC layer scheduling and allocation mechanisms. In particular, we focus on two-way TCP transfers, i.e., both data and ACK packets are transmitted on the upstream channel.

The rest of the paper is organized as follows. Section 2 analyzes the behavior of two-way TCP transfers over DOCSIS's MAC layer. Section 3 presents the proposed mechanism called "Long Packet Deferment (LPD)" to improve TCP performance in DOCSIS-based HFC networks. Section 4 shows the simulation results using ns2 to compare the original DOCSIS MAC layer control mechanism with our mechanism. Finally, we conclude in Section 5.

2. TCP Performance over the DOCSIS MAC Layer

2.1 The Effect of Bandwidth Asymmetry on TCP Performance

Asymmetric networks, such as HFC and xDSL, are defined as networks with different channel capacities in the downstream and upstream directions. The main effect of bandwidth asymmetry on TCP performance is that TCP ACK clocking may be disrupted. [1] defines a bandwidth asymmetric ratio, k, to better understand the behavior of TCP in asymmetric networks:

$$k = \frac{\text{forward channel bandwidth}}{\text{reverse channel bandwidth}} \times \frac{\text{ACK packet length}}{\text{data packet length}}$$

$$=\frac{C_d}{C_u} \times \frac{L_{ack}}{L_{data}} \tag{1}$$

TCP behaves normally when k is less than or equal to one. When bandwidth is asymmetric (i.e., k > 1), ACK packets arrive at the bottleneck link in the reverse direction at a rate faster than the bottleneck link can support. As a result, the sender clocks out data at a slower rate and slows down the growth of the congestion window, which in turn lowers the throughput in the

downstream direction.

2.2 The Effect of DOCSIS MAC Layer on Bandwidth Asymmetry

[5] showed that eq (1) alone cannot adequately explain TCP's behavior in DOCSIS-based HFC networks. Considering the MAC layer operation of DOCSIS v1.1, k is modified as

$$k = \alpha \times \frac{C_d \times T_{usv}}{d \times L_{data} \times N_{dCM}}$$
(2)
where $\alpha = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{, for one-way transfers} \\ \frac{N_{dCM} L_{data}}{N_{dCM} L_{data} + \frac{N_{uCM} L_{ack}}{d}}, \text{ for two-way transfers} \end{cases}$

where d is a parameter of the delayed ACK policy (i.e., sending one ACK packet to acknowledge the receipt of d data packets), T_{usv} is defined as the average time between sending two consecutive packets in the CM buffer, N_{dCM} is the number of simultaneous TCP downloading, and N_{uCM} is the number of simultaneous TCP uploading.

In DOCSIS, the upstream channel is modeled as a stream of mini-slots. A transmission starts only at the beginning of any mini-slot. Let N_{u_ack} be the number of mini-slots used to transmit one ACK packet on the upstream. Given L_{ack} , C_{u} , and t_{rns} , we can derive the number of mini-slots used to transmit an ACK packet as

$$N_{u_ack} = \left[\frac{L_{ack}}{C_u} \times \frac{1}{t_{ms}} \right] \tag{3}$$

where L_{ack} is the size of an ACK packet, t_{nns} is time period defined as one mini-slot on the upstream channel, and C_u is the upstream channel capacity. Similarly, we can derive the number of mini-slots used to transmit a data packet as

$$N_{u_data} = \left[\frac{L_{data}}{C_u} \times \frac{1}{t_{ms}}\right]$$
, where L_{data} is the size of a data packet.

A MAP describes the bandwidth allocation in a transmission period. It should be received by all the participating CMs before its effective time. Each MAP may be transmitted before some requests, especially piggybacked ones, have arrived and been processed at the CMTS. The late requests are deemed pending in the current transmission period and become backlogged requests in the next period. These pending requests plus new requests which arrive at the CMTS during the next transmission period will be waiting to be granted in the next MAP. Let D_{MAP} be the time difference between when a MAP is transmitted and when it goes into effect. Since the size of the ACK packet is fixed, the maximum number of pending requests, N_{p_REQ} , (i.e., those arrive at the CMTS during a D_{MAP}) can be expressed as

$$N_{p_REQ} = \left| \frac{D_{MAP}}{t_{ms}} \times \frac{1}{N_{u-ack}} \right| \tag{4}$$

Let N_c be the number of mini-slots allocated to the request contention period. Thus, for an ACK packet,

(1) when $N_{dCM} \leq 2N_{p,REO}$, T_{usy} is bounded by

$$(N_c + N_{uCM}N_{u_data} + N_{dCM}N_{u_ack}) t_{ms}$$

$$\leq T_{usv} \leq (2N_c + 2N_{uCM}N_{u_data} + N_{dCM}N_{u_ack}) \times t_{ms}$$
(5)

(2) when $N_{dCM} > 2N_{p REQ}$, T_{usv} is bounded by

$$(N_c + N_{uCM}N_{u_data} + N_{dCM}N_{u_ack}) t_{ms}$$

$$\leq T_{usv} \leq (6)$$

$$[N_c + N_{uCM}N_{u_data} + (N_{dCM} - N_{p_REQ})N_{u_ack}] t_{ms}N_{dCM}$$

$$(N_{dCM} - N_{p_REQ})$$

Substituting eqs. (5) and (6) into (2), we can derive the two bounds of k for the two cases accordingly.

3. Long Packet Deferment

In DOCSIS, the CMTS allocates at most one data grant to each client in a MAP, irrespective of the number of mini-slots requested. The design philosophy behind "one-CM-one-Data-IE" in a MAP is to fairly share the channel bandwidth, i.e. no one will monopolize all of the bandwidth in a transmission period. Such fairness, however, holds only for one-way TCP transfers. With two-way TCP transfers, both data and ACK packets are transmitted upstream. Typically, TCP packets are ten times larger than ACK packets. Thus, both types of packets require different sizes of data grants to be allocated by the CMTS. [5] showed that with two way transfers, the upstream TCP traffic (i.e., long data packets) might throttle the downstream traffic (i.e., short ACK packets). The reasons are as follows.

- (1) Long data packets going upstream cause high asymmetric ratio, and thus long round trip time, to short ACK packets. Long round trip delay in turn reduces the growth rate of the downloading CM's congestion window because the congestion window of TCP grows at a rate inversely proportional to average round trip delay.
- (2) The "one-CM-one-Data-IE" allocation of DOCSIS leads to both upstream and downstream transfers experiencing the same round trip delay. Thus, the congestion windows of these two types of transfers grow at approximately the same rate. This results in low bandwidth utilization on the downstream channel because the downstream channel typically has far higher capacity than the upstream one. Should these two types of TCP transfers grow their congestion windows at the same rates, it would underutilize the bandwidth on the downstream channel.

To summarize, DOCSIS treats TCP data packets the same way as ACK packets on the upstream channel. It

allows each CM to send at most one data grant in every MAP, irrespective of its frame size. This causes the same round trip delays for both downstream and upstream transfers, and results in poor bandwidth utilization on the downstream channel. To solve this problem, we propose a mechanism called "Long Packet Deferment" (LPD), which treats long packets (data packets) differently from short packets (ACK packets) on the upstream channel. The design goal of the LPD protocol is to reduce the sending rates of long packets and increase those of short packets, in an attempt to achieve true fairness in resource sharing. Thus, we can shorten the round trip delay of downstream TCP transfers without seriously degrading the performance of upstream TCP transfers. Note that the LPD mechanism is designed to operate at the CMTS only. No modification is required on CMs.

3.1 LPD Fundamentals

We assume all data packets are of fixed size, and distinguish between two types of requests only (i.e., for long and short data grants). Later we will extend to packets with variable size in Sec. 3.3. Let δ be the threshold to determine the type of a request, where

$$\delta = \frac{N_{u_{-}data} - N_{u_{-}ack}}{2}$$
. Intuitively, if the data grant size

requested exceeds the threshold δ , the request should be deferred a few more steps before the allocation is granted. Let N_{def} be the number of steps a long packet should be deferred. Each downloading CM (i.e., those transferring short ACK packets) can get a data grant in every MAP, but each uploading CM (those transferring long data packets) can only get one data grant in every N_{def} MAPs.

Suppose that the CMTS have two types of queues to store requests: a long job queue and a short job queue. Upon receipt of a new request, the CMTS processes the request as follows. If the data grant size requested is larger than δ , the CMTS initializes the request's deferred step to N_{def} and puts it into the long job queue; otherwise, the number of deferred steps is set to one and the request is put into the short job queue. Later when it comes to the transmission time of the next MAP, the CMTS will start processing requests from the short job queue, followed by the long job queue, all on a first-come-first-served basis. The CMTS allocates data grants only to those requests with the number of deferred steps less than or equal to one, and removes the allocated requests from the respective queues. For those with larger-than-one deferred steps, the CMTS decrements the values of their deferred steps, issues them data pending IEs in the MAP, and puts them back into the queues. This process continues until the limitation of a MAP is reached (2048 mini-slots and 240 IEs), when the CMTS will stop both allocating data grants and decrementing the deferred steps. It will then start issuing the remaining eligible requests (i.e., those with deferred steps of less than or equal to one) data pending IEs on the MAP because the CMs should be notified that their requests are pending, not lost.

3.2 Analysis of the LPD Mechanism

The LPD mechanism makes downloading CMs experience different round trip delays from uploading CMs, with the ratio of the upstream packet sending rates of these two types of CMs being N_{def}: 1. In addition, LPD forces the CMTS to place long data grants at the end of each MAP because it starts allocation from the short job queue. Thus, the LPD mechanism keeps the asymmetric ratio and TCP round trip delay at the lower bound if there is any long data grant allocated in a MAP.

(a) Asymmetric ratio

The LPD mechanism causes different round trip delays to downstream and upstream TCP transfers. We first derive the upstream data service times for both downloading and uploading CMs.

(1) For downloading CMs (i.e., ACK packet),

$$T_{usv} = \left(N_c + \frac{N_{uCM}}{N_{def}} \times N_{u_{-}data} + N_{dCM} N_{u_{-}ack}\right) t_{ms}$$
 (7)

Since the number of mini-slots for a long data grant (for TCP packet) is much larger than the number of mini-slots for a short data grant (for ACK packet), $N_{u_data} >> N_{u_ack}$ and $N_{def} >> 1$. Comparing eqs. (7) with (5) and (6), we see that the upstream data service time of the downloading CM is significantly reduced.

(2) For uploading CMs (i.e., data packet),

$$T_{usv} = (N_{def}N_c + N_{uCM}N_{u data} + N_{def}N_{dCM}N_{u ack}) t_{ms}$$
(8)

Comparing eqs. (8) with (5) and (6), we see that the LPD mechanism may slightly increase the upstream data service time of the uploading CM.

The asymmetric ratio k of downstream TCP transfers for LPD can be derived as

$$k = \frac{N_{def} N_{dCM} L_{data}}{N_{def} N_{dCM} L_{data} + \frac{N_{uCM} L_{data}}{d}} \times \frac{C_d}{d \times L_{data}} \times \frac{\left[N_c + \frac{N_{uCM}}{N_{def}} \times N_{u_data} + N_{dCM} N_{u_ack}\right] t_{ms}}{N_{dCM}}$$

$$(9)$$

Compared with the original scheduling (i.e., simple FCFS), k in eq. (9) is smaller due to smaller upstream data service time. A smaller k will speed up the dropping of the value of k to one, when the system will behave normally, i.e., as in the symmetric network. This in turn shortens the round trip delay, which results in larger downstream throughout.

(b) Round trip delay

With two-way transfers, the system is mostly operated as in asymmetric networks. Eq. (10) shows the average round trip delay of sending a packet as k>1.

$$RTT = 2T + T_{trans} + B_{CM} \times T_{usy}$$
 (10)

where B_{CM} is the buffer size of the CM, and

$$T_{trans} = \begin{cases} \frac{L_{data}}{C_d} + \frac{L_{ack}}{C_u}, \text{ for downstream traffic} \\ \frac{L_{data}}{C_u} + \frac{L_{ack}}{C_d}, \text{ for upstream traffic} \end{cases}$$

Substituting eqs. (7) and (8) into (10), we can derive the average round trip delays of downstream TCP transfers and upstream TCP transfers accordingly.

The last term of eq. (10) dominates RTT. Thus, LPD has far shorter round trip delay for the downstream TCP transfer compared to the original scheduling (i.e., simple FCFS) but slightly longer round trip delay for the upstream TCP transfer.

3.3 The Number of Deferred Steps

In this section, we determine the number of steps a packet should be deferred and generalize LPD to handle data packets with variable size. Let L_r be the data grant size of a new request R_x . There are two considerations to determining D_x , the number of steps request R_x should be deferred before being granted.

(1) Balance the data rate.

If we let
$$D_x = \left| \frac{L_x}{N_{u_ack}} \right|$$
, the downloading and

uploading TCP transfers will have the same transmission rate on the upstream channel.

$$\left\lfloor \frac{L_x}{N_{u_ack}} \right\rfloor$$
 should be the upper bound of D_x ,

because if D_x is set to a larger value, the mechanism will penalize long packets. Actually, if

we let
$$D_x = \left| \frac{L_x}{N_{u_ack}} \right|$$
, the system behaves like an

IEEE 802.14 mechanism, which has fixed PDUs. Thus, D_r should be set to a value smaller than this bound because DOCSIS is benefited from supporting variable length PDUs [6].

Balance the round trip delay.

We try to let the downstream and upstream TCP transfers fill up the downstream and upstream channels at the same rate. Since the TCP congestion window grows at a rate inversely proportional to its

round trip delay,
$$\frac{\frac{1}{RTT_d}N_{dCM}}{\frac{1}{RTT_u}N_{uCM}} = \frac{C_d}{C_u}$$
 (13)

In addition, the last term in eq. (10) dominates RTT.

Thus, we have
$$D_x = N_{def} = \frac{N_{uCM}}{N_{dCM}} \frac{C_d}{C_u}$$
 (14)

Typically, N_{uCM} is smaller than N_{dCM} . Both values are usually very hard to determine dynamically.

From the discussion above, D_r should be upper bounded by $\left[r \frac{L_x}{N_{u_ack}} \right]$ and $\left[r \frac{C_d}{C_u} \right]$, where 0 < r < 1. In the LPD protocol, we set the number of deferment groups $n = \left| r \frac{C_d}{C_u} \right|$, where $0 < r < 1^{-1}$. Each group corresponds to a certain range of data grant size. D_x of request R_x is determined as follows.

- (1) If $0 < L_x < \frac{2}{r} N_{u_ack}$, $D_x = 1$ and R_x is put to the queue of group one.
- (2) If $\frac{k}{r} N_{u_{-}ack} \le L_x < \frac{k+1}{r} N_{u_{-}ack}, \quad k = 2, 3 \cdots, \quad r \frac{C_d}{C} - 1$, $D_r = k$ and R_r is put to the queue of group k.
- (3) If $L_x \ge \left| \frac{C_d}{C_u} \right| N_{u_ack}$, $D_x = \left| r \frac{C_d}{C_u} \right|$ and R_x is put

Usually, $\left| r \frac{C_d}{C_n} \right|$ is not very large. Thus, this mechanism will be very efficient.

The LPD protocol is generalized as follows. The CMTS maintains n deferment queues to delay requests asking for different data grant sizes. Each time a request arrives at the CMTS, it is processed as follows. According to the data grant size requested, the CMTS assigns a number of deferred steps to the request and put it to the corresponding queue. When it comes to the next MAP, the CMTS allocates the data grants if the event has been deferred enough steps, in the order from the shortest job queue to the longest job queue until the MAP limitation is reached. This gives shorter packets higher priorities to send, and adjusts the data rates of downloading and uploading CMs accordingly.

4. Simulation

This section presents the simulation results using ns2 for the LPD mechanism, the 802.14-like mechanism (denoted as L2S in the figures), and the original DOCSIS control mechanism.

4.1 Simulation Environment

The simulation parameter setting is shown in Table 1. We

¹ From the simulation, r=0.5 can achieve the best balance in throughputs of both upstream and downstream transfers.

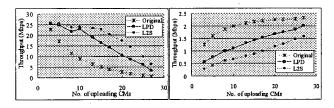
use two-way TCP bulk transfers as traffic sources and each CM can have only one TCP transfer at a time.

Parameter	Value
C _d	26.97 Mbps
Cu	2.56 Mbps
T	0.5 ms
D _{MAP}	2 ms
t _{ms}	50 us
N _c	50 (mini-slots)
MAP limit	2048 mini-slots
	and 240 IEs
L _{data}	1024 bytes
L_{ack}	64 bytes
B _{CM}	20 (packets)

Table 1 Parameter Setting

4.2 Simulation Results

Fig. 1 shows the aggregate throughputs of downstream (Fig. 1 (a)) and upstream transfers (Fig. 1 (b)), varying uploading CMs from 1 to 30. The dotted lines are for the original DOCSIS, the solid lines with squares and circles are for LPD and L2S, respectively. Fig. 1 (a) shows that both LPD and L2S have about 80% improvement of aggregate downstream bandwidth over the original DOCSIS when less than one-third of CMs are doing upstream transferring. They have slight performance degradation on the upstream direction as shown in Fig. 1 (b) (note that Figs. 1 (a) and (b) have different scales in throughput). LPD has better improvement than L2S. Thus, the number of deferment groups does not need to be very large. Overall, LPD has the best balance between downstream and upstream bandwidth utilization when the proportion of uploading CMs is between 1/3 and 5/6. Since typically CMs perform downloads in HFC networks, it is rare that more than 5/6 of CMs are uploading. The region of interest is when the proportion of uploading CMs is less than 5/6, when performance improvement is observed.



(a) Downstream (b) Upstream Figure 1. Aggregate throughput

Fig. 2 shows the access delays of downloading CMs (Fig. 2 (a)) and uploading CMs (Fig. 2 (b)), for the three mechanisms as a function of simultaneous uploading CMs. It shows that of the three mechanisms, simple FCFS (i.e., the original DOCSIS) has the largest access delay for downloading CMs, and the 802.14-like mechanism (i.e., L2S) has the largest access delay for uploading CMs. The LPD mechanism renders the access delays of downloading CMs much shorter, without significantly increasing the access delays of uploading CMs.

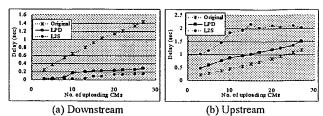


Figure 2. Access delay

5. Conclusion

This paper proposes a new mechanism called "Long Packet Deferment" to significantly improve the performance of TCP over the DOCSIS MAC control mechanism. The LPD mechanism is aimed at reducing the negative impact of the DOCSIS MAC layer operation on bandwidth asymmetry, which improves the performance of TCP. With LPD, only the modification to the CMTS is required. We have also conducted simulations using network simulator *ns-2* to compare the original control mechanism of DOCSIS with our mechanism. The results show that the proposed LPD mechanism has better performance in terms of both aggregate downstream throughput and access delay.

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